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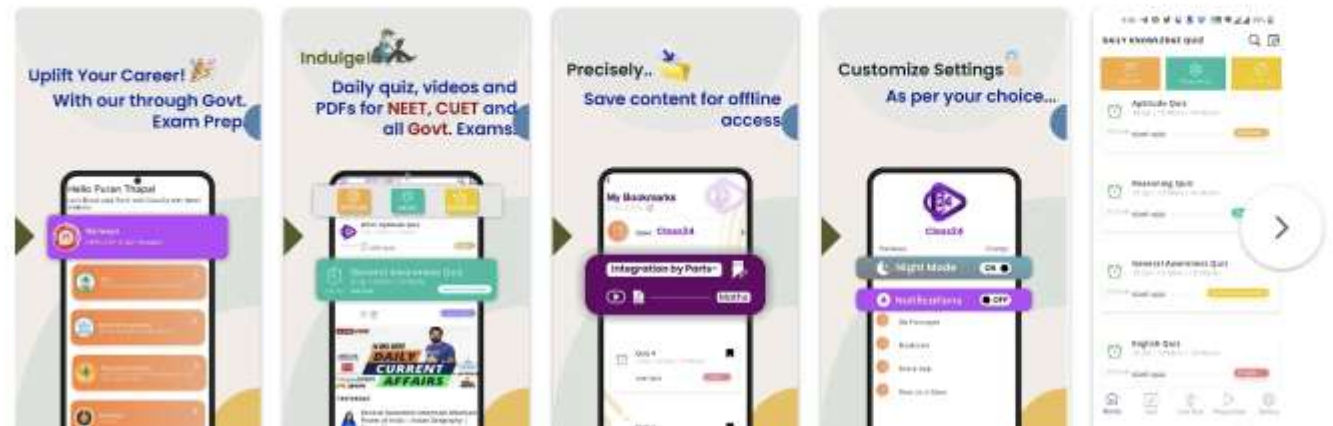
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Switzerland shoots out Colombia

Wayanad debris slide Heavy rain hampers search for missing

Anti-military drive Security forces kill LeT operative in Shopian

A crisis on wheels in Kerala Free bus ride scheme has come at a cost to KSRTC and private operators

Trapped as building collapses in heavy rain

INSIDE



Trinamool bank accounts with ₹440 cr. frozen

KOLKATA The Enforcement Directorate (ED) has frozen three bank accounts of the Trinamool Congress with deposits worth ₹440 crore. A press conference by the ED said they conducted searches at five premises...



Indian among inmates killed in Sri Lanka prison

COLOMBO An Indian national was among the inmates killed in Sri Lanka's prison riots on Monday, Colombo-based official sources said. On Wednesday, the death toll from the riots, one of the most gruesome episodes of prison violence in the island's history, rose to 29.

Over 31% increase in enrolment in higher education

NEW DELHI India's higher education sector has recorded significant growth over the past decade, with total student enrolment rising to 4.5 crore in the 2013-14 academic year. According to latest reports of All India Survey on Higher Education for 2013-14 and 2013-24, released by the Education Ministry, this marks a 31.1% rise from 3.42 crore recorded in 2014-15.

Trump ends Iran truce; talks to go on

Iran claims it hit back at 85 U.S. military assets after strikes on its southern coast

Washington's 'violation' of MoU has rendered it 'ineffective', says Tehran

U.S. would attack targets in Iran once again, says Trump at NATO summit

As far as I am concerned, it is not a waste of time dealing with them. I will not let our wonderful negotiators keep talking if they want, but I do not see it happening.

His remarks came after Mr. Trump said at a NATO summit in Ankara, Turkey, when asked about the ceasefire, "it is just a waste of time dealing with them".



Trump (right) with a group of officials from a recent meeting between the U.S. and Iran in Washington, D.C.

At the core of the escalation lies the question of who controls the Strait of Hormuz. The MoU calls for the safe passage of tanker ships through the strait. Iran has opened a route along its coast and asked vessels to use a "designated route" along its coast in coordination with local authorities.

Stock indices dip 2% as Iran, U.S. restart clashes

NEW YORK The S&P 500 index fell 2% on Wednesday after news of U.S. strikes on Iranian oil facilities. The Dow Jones Industrial Average fell 1.5%.

Following attack on the three tankers, the U.S. imposed a sanctions waiver it had issued after the MoU was signed that had allowed the sale of Iranian oil.

The Central Command forces completed a new round of offensive strikes against Iran, July 7, hitting over 60 targets with precision missiles as an immediate response to Iran's latest attacks on commercial vessels transiting the Strait of Hormuz.

Russia's share in India's oil imports rises above 40%

NEW DELHI Russia's share in India's oil imports rose above 40% in May 2020, the highest in nearly two years, according to official government data.

Further, the data shows that Russia charged India a premium for its oil, while other sources such as the U.S. and even the UAE sold India oil at lower-than-average prices.

Russia had been providing India a discount on its oil recently in February. Notably, an analysis by The Hindu of the data released by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry shows that India is trying to diversify its sources of oil, including once again importing oil from Iran and Venezuela in April and continuing to do so in May 2020.

The U.S. had in February started allowing Venezuela to export oil.

Flooded streets



Waterlogged streets in Chennai during heavy rain.

Stock indices dip 2% as Iran, U.S. restart clashes



Stock indices dip 2% as Iran, U.S. restart clashes.

Bishnoi, Brar ordered killing of Nijjar in Canada: U.S. DoJ

NEW DELHI The United States Department of Justice (DoJ) said on Wednesday that jailed gangster Lawrence Bishnoi and his associate Satinder Singh Nijjar, alias Chhota Bhai, ordered the June 18, 2020, assassination of pro-Khalistan separatist Hardeep Singh Nijjar in Surrey, British Columbia, Canada.

The murder strained the diplomatic relations between India and Canada, with Ottawa under the then Prime Minister, Justin Trudeau, alleging the involvement of "agents of the Indian government" and designating Indian diplomats as "persons of interest" to the investigation.

The investigations under "Operation Hard Truth" were jointly conducted by law enforcement in U.S., Canada, and Europe, and "is the result of a year-long investigation into the murder of the DoJ said.

"India is happy" Though there was no statement from the Ministry of External Affairs or the Union Home Ministry, Bill Ezeretzki, a senior U.S. diplomat, told a press conference that the "Indian authorities have been very cooperative and fully 'kuppai' with today's operations". The Royal Canadian Mounted Police is conducting a parallel investigation into South Asian organised crime, the DoJ said.



Lawrence Bishnoi, who is currently imprisoned in India, has been charged with several crimes around the world, including murder.

India has obviously that's not wanted to control their activities, but when they will be coming here again? I guarantee he won't be exercising any more from victims as he will be in custody for a very long time," Mr. Keating said.

1,000 kg cocaine seized The police officer charged was identified as Gunderlin Singh to Mr. Ezeretzki. He said the officer "is not in custody yet but he will be shortly. We have charged him and we will extradite him to the U.S."

As part of this investigation, law enforcement has seized approximately 1,000 kilograms of cocaine and one kilogram of heroin along with \$40,000 in cash and a stolen firearm. A total of 23 search warrants have been issued in the Sacramento area and all warrants have been executed in the Los Angeles area.

Accused in murder of Bengal minor killed in bid to flee

NEW DELHI Security personnel stand guard outside a hospital in Barpeta, West Bengal, where the body of the accused has been kept.

Prabhas Mondal, one of the prime accused in the rape and murder of a 12-year-old girl at Barpeta in West Bengal, was killed in a police encounter in the early hours of Wednesday. According to police sources, a team of the Barpeta police station took Mondal to a village within the limits of the same police station for the reconstruction of the crime scene at the 90 (place of occurrence) in the village. The accused matched the arms of one police personnel, fired one shot and was killed.

While Opposition parties raised questions about the encounter, State BJP spokesperson Debjit Sarkar described the death as "divine justice". In a social media post, Trinamool Congress MP Mahua Moitra criticised the incident, alleging that there was "jungle law" in the state. Barpeta rape murder accused Prabhas Mondal killed in encounter? What is going on @WBHVoice? Bengali people welcome new Bengal CM Parag Mehta 20 @BHBengali is no government. This is jungle law, Ms. Moitra said.

The number of the accused refused to claim the body. "I don't have any dis-appointment over what happened today. He got the punishment for what he did. He also didn't understand the pain of a girl, it is absolutely right," Sandhya Mondal, mother of Prabhas Mondal, said. Mr. Dhilli stated that Prabhas was seen with the victim earlier, and his statement contradicted the arrest of two other accused the following day. "They (other accused) offered him some money to bring the child. Further investigation is being done," he added. Preliminary investigation suggested that Prabhas had abducted the girl and sexually assaulted her before throwing her into a pond. CCTV footage showed him with the victim has also surfaced. Post-mortem have been arrested in connection with the crime.

Russian share in India's oil imports rises above 40%



L.C.A. Sharan Bahayan

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The U.S. had, in February, started allowing Venezuela to export oil to India's total oil imports stood at 21.82 million tonnes in May 2026, the highest since January and about 12% higher than what it imported in April 2026...

Despite this, the higher oil prices mean that India's oil import bill will rise significantly in May 2026 - by 23.5% compared to April, and by a steady 6% over May of last year. This is because the price of oil that India imported stood at \$89 per barrel in May 2026 as compared to \$64 a barrel in May 2025...

NCW seeks report on rape of minor in Rajasthan

The Hindu Bureau

The National Commission for Women (NCW) has taken "serious" cognisance of the alleged gang-rape and trafficking of a minor girl in Sri Rangapur in Rajasthan and directed the District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police of the district to submit a comprehensive action plan report within 15 days...

The commission also took serious note of the delay in presenting the victim before the Child Welfare Committee.

Mamata targets BJP over violence at Trinamool rally

At least 40 Trinamool supporters clash with BJP workers during protest, says party statement; former CM claims police failed to prevent attacks, rally was held to protest Baripukur rape-murder

Shrabana Chatterjee

Violence erupted at a Trinamool Congress procession in Kolkata on Wednesday, as Trinamool supporters clashed with BJP workers. Denouncing the chaos, party chief and former Chief Minister Mamata Banerjee said that lawlessness has prevailed in the state since the Bharatiya Janata Party came to power two months ago.

In all, 41 Trinamool workers and supporters were injured and were admitted to the State Hospital after they were subjected to physical assault and brutal treatment by BJP goons, according to a Trinamool statement on Wednesday evening.

"They are keeping a watch on us, but when a 12-year-old girl in Baripukur, which has led to high tension across the state. The procession was set to move from Hazra Crossing to Ballygunge Phari, but clashes between Trinamool and BJP workers broke out in the Hazra area and continued in pockets during the rally in multiple places."

India and Indonesia launch joint restoration project at iconic Prambanan Temple

Pranav Triast of India

Prime Minister Narendra Modi, along with Indonesian President Prabowo Subianto, on Wednesday visited the centuries-old iconic Prambanan Temple complex in Yogyakarta, marking the inauguration of a joint conservation project between the two nations.

The lead agency from the Indian side for the joint restoration project is the Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) which is holding talks with his Australian counterpart Australian Heritage Commission.

Prerazda Ashia

Jammu and Kashmir Chief Minister Omar Abdullah on Wednesday raised the pitch over the demand of statehood and constitutional guarantees for the region, days ahead of the state's protest in Delhi on July 20.

He said the representation will ask parties associated with the INDIA bloc and non-BJP aligned political parties like the Aam Aadmi Party, Shiv Morcha and the Bahujan Samaj Party, to join the protest.



Police officials at the site after a clash broke out between BJP and Trinamool workers at a protest rally in Kolkata on Wednesday.

they the BJP have tried to change the police for 'allowing' the disruption to the rally and failing to take action against rioters who attacked the party workers, claiming that lawlessness in Bengal is more than in Uttar Pradesh.

The Trinamool rally was organised to protest the brutal rape and murder of a 12-year-old girl in Baripukur, which has led to high tension across the state. The procession was set to move from Hazra Crossing to Ballygunge Phari, but clashes between Trinamool and BJP workers broke out in the Hazra area and continued in pockets during the rally in multiple places.



Prime Minister Narendra Modi and President Prabowo Subianto visiting the Prambanan Temple in Indonesia on Wednesday.

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Omar Abdullah raises pitch over Statehood for J&K ahead of Delhi protest

Prerazda Ashia

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J&K Chief Minister Omar Abdullah at the inauguration of an education complex in Srinagar on Wednesday.

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ED freezes ₹440 cr. in Trinamool's bank accounts amid row

Shy Bahay Singh

The Enforcement Directorate (ED) has frozen three bank accounts of the Trinamool Congress with deposits worth ₹440 crore.

A press statement by the ED stated that the Central agency had conducted search operations at five premises in and around Kolkata under the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act (PMLA), 2002, belonging to the Trinamool Congress.

The ED said that investigation agencies that around ₹160 crore was transferred from Trinamool Congress bank accounts to M/s Carewell Aviation India Pvt. Ltd. and its related entity, between April 2023 to June 2026.

The National Investigation Agency on Wednesday carried out nationwide searches in a case linked to online terror fundraising.

LeT militant killed in anti-terror operation in Kashmir's Shopian

The Hindu Bureau

Security forces on Wednesday spotted the body of a LeT militant in Shopian in south Kashmir's Shopian district.

The Army said a joint operation was launched based on specific intelligence received from the Jammu and Kashmir Police in the area.

Shah orders audit to reduce passenger delays at airports

The Hindu Bureau

Union Home Minister Amit Shah has directed the Ministry of Civil Aviation and the Central Intelligence Security Force (CISF) to immediately commission third-party studies during the peak travel season to identify and reduce passenger delays across all touch points at major airports.

latest financial dealings, unlawful collection of money, and routing of unperfected funds through certain bank accounts of Trinamool Congress.

Both factions of the Trinamool Congress, one led by former Chief Minister Mamata Banerjee and another led by Leader of the Opposition Bilalata Banerjee, have claimed ownership over the accounts. The Kolkata Police have asked the banks to freeze these accounts.

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NIA conducts nationwide searches in terror case

The Hindu Bureau

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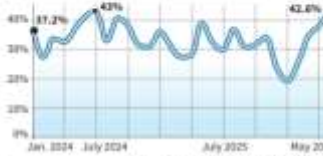
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Russian share in India's oil imports rises above 40%

Russian dependence

Moscow's share in New Delhi's oil import bill has continued to grow as India's other sources remain constrained



SOURCE: MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

T.C.A. Sharad Raghavan
NEW DELHI

Russia's share in India's oil imports rose above 40% in May 2026, the highest in nearly two years, according to official government data.

Further, the data shows that Russia charged India a premium for its oil, while other sources such as the U.S. and even the UAE sold India oil at lower-than-average prices.

Russia had been providing India a discount on its oil as recently as February.

Notably, an analysis by *The Hindu* of the data released by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry shows that India is trying to diversify its sources of oil, including once again importing oil from Iran and Venezuela in April and continuing to do so in May 2026.

The U.S. had, in February, started allowing Venezuela to export oil.

India's total oil imports stood at 21.82 million tonnes in May 2026, the highest since January and about 12% higher than what it imported in April. This was, however, about 2.6% lower than what it imported in May last year.

Despite this, the higher oil prices meant that India's oil import bill still rose significantly in May 2026 – by 23.5% compared to April, and by a sizable 66% over May of last year.

This is because the price of oil that India imported stood at \$106 per barrel in May 2026 as compared to \$64 a barrel in May 2025, according to data from the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas.

This price effect is visi-

ble in India's oil imports from Russia as well. While the value of oil imports from Russia grew 83% in May 2026 over its level in May last year, the actual volume of oil imported from Russia fell by 2% over this period.

That said, the share of Russian oil in India's total oil imports stood at 40.5% in terms of volume and 42.6% in terms of value in May 2026.

A simple calculation based on the volume and value of oil imports from Russia shows that the total price paid by Indian importers stood at \$966 per tonne of Russian oil in May 2026, as compared to the average price of \$870 per tonne that India paid for all its oil imports. This works out to a premium of about \$46 per tonne.

According to Purna Prabhakar, fellow at the Centre for Social and Economic Progress (CSEP), the premium charged by Russia is likely a result of the dependence India and China have on it for oil.

Sanctioned sources

The Commerce Ministry data also shows that India has been sourcing some of its oil from countries that were previously restricted from selling their oil.

India imported \$605 million worth of oil from Venezuela in April 2026, which rose to \$984 million in May. Notably, the data shows that India imported \$430.5 million worth of oil from Iran in April 2026, which fell to \$277 million in May. However, it was only in late June that the U.S. had given Iran a 60-day waiver to export oil, which it rescinded on Tuesday.

Indicator	Data / Trend	Exam Relevance
Russia's share in India's oil imports	42.6% by volume in May 2026	Russia remains India's largest crude supplier
Share by import value	40.5%	Lower than volume share due to cheaper Russian crude
Earlier peak	43% in July 2024	Shows sustained dependence
India's total oil imports, May 2026	21.82 million tonnes	Highest since January 2024
YoY growth in total imports	About 12%	Reflects strong domestic energy demand
MoM growth in imports	2.6% lower than April 2026	Monthly volatility
Russian oil volume, YoY	+83%	Major increase in dependence
Russian oil volume, MoM	-2%	Small monthly decline
Russian crude price	\$96/tonne	Significant discount
Average crude import price	\$670/tonne	Overall average
India's oil import bill	-23.5% YoY in May 2026	Falling prices reduced import cost
Oil import volume	+66% since May 2025	Volume rose despite falling import bill

Factor

Explanation

Price discount

Russian crude was reportedly available at a significant discount to alternative sources

Energy security

India imports the majority of its crude oil requirements, making supply diversification essential

Commercial decision

Indian refiners choose crude based on price, freight, quality and refinery configuration

Supply constraints elsewhere

The article notes constraints involving some traditional and sanctioned suppliers

Refinery economics

Cheaper feedstock can improve refining margins and competitiveness of petroleum-product exports

3. The Most Important Economic Point

The article highlights an important paradox: **India imported much more oil by volume, but its oil import bill fell sharply because international crude prices declined.**

May 2025	May 2026	Impact
Around \$64/barrel	Around \$106 per tonne , as stated in the article's comparison	Lower prices reduced the total import burden despite higher volumes

Exam concept: This is an example of the difference between the **volume effect** and the **price effect** in international trade.

4. Sanctions and Alternative Suppliers

Country	April 2026 imports by India	May 2026 imports	Key issue
Venezuela	\$605 million	\$984 million	U.S. policy reportedly allowed limited oil trade
Iran	\$430.5 million	\$277 million	U.S. sanctions remain a major constraint
Russia	More than 40% share of Indian crude imports	42.6% volume share	Dependence and geopolitical exposure

India and Indonesia launch joint restoration project at iconic Prambanan Temple

Press Trust of India

JAKARTA

Prime Minister Narendra Modi, along with Indonesian President Prabowo Subianto, on Wednesday visited the centuries-old iconic Prambanan Temple complex in Yogyakarta, marking the inauguration of a joint conservation project for this UNESCO World Heritage Site.

Mr. Modi described the initiative as a “shining example of the enduring civilisational bonds” between India and Indonesia, rooted in a shared heritage that has connected the people of the two countries for centuries.

The Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) will be



Prime Minister Narendra Modi and devotees visiting the Prambanan Temple in Indonesia on Wednesday. AFP/PIB

the lead agency from the Indian side for the joint restoration project.

Later in the day, Mr. Modi reached Australia on the second leg of his three-nation tour during which he will hold talks with his Aus-

tralian counterpart Anthony Albanese. “Landed in Melbourne, Australia. This visit will add vigour to the India-Australia Comprehensive Strategic Partnership,” Mr. Modi said in a post on X.







Point

Details

What happened?

India and Indonesia launched a **joint conservation and restoration project** at the Prambanan Temple complex

Location

Yogyakarta region, Indonesia

Indian agency

Archaeological Survey of India (ASI)

Indonesian partner

Indonesian heritage authorities

Occasion

Visit of PM Narendra Modi and Indonesian President Prabowo Subianto

Significance

Symbol of the ancient **India–Southeast Asia civilisational connection**

Heritage status

Part of the UNESCO World Heritage framework

Feature

Details

Country

Indonesia

Region

Near Yogyakarta

Religion

Hinduism

Period

Mainly **9th century CE**

Dynasty

Associated with the **Sanjaya/Mataram tradition** of Java

Main deity

Shiva

Other major temples

Vishnu and Brahma

Architectural tradition

Ancient Javanese Hindu architecture

Cultural narratives

Ramayana traditions are prominently represented

Importance

One of the largest Hindu temple complexes in Southeast Asia

Dimension

Significance

Historical

Shows centuries-old movement of ideas, religion, language and art from India to Southeast Asia

Cultural

Ramayana and Mahabharata remain influential in Indonesian performing arts and traditions

Religious

Hindu-Buddhist heritage demonstrates historical cultural interaction across the Indian Ocean

Diplomatic

Restoration projects strengthen **soft power diplomacy**

Strategic

Cultural cooperation complements contemporary maritime and Indo-Pacific relations

People-to-people ties

Heritage tourism and cultural exchanges create connections beyond government-level diplomacy

Country	Major Indian Cultural Connection
Indonesia	Prambanan, Borobudur, Ramayana traditions, Sanskrit influence
Cambodia	Angkor Wat and Khmer Hindu-Buddhist heritage
Vietnam	My Son temple complex and Champa civilisation
Laos	Vat Phou temple complex
Thailand	Ramakien, derived from the Ramayana tradition
Myanmar	Buddhist cultural and pilgrimage connections

Over 42% rise in female enrolment in higher education since 2014: report

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

India's higher education sector has recorded significant growth over the past decade, with total student enrolment rising to 4.5 crore in the 2023-24 academic year.

According to the latest reports of the All India Survey on Higher Education (AISHE) for 2022-23 and 2023-24, released by the Education Ministry, this marks a 31.5% rise from 3.42 crore recorded in 2014-15. The multi-year survey data reflect an institutional participation rate of over 90%, drawing metrics from 59,533 higher education institutions across the country to outline major strides in inclusivity, female participation, and STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics) adoption.

Steady progress

Women, STEM learners and marginalised communities drive sustained growth in higher education



	2014-2015	2022-2023	2023-2024	Growth since 2014-15
Total enrolment	3.42 cr.	4.46 cr.	4.50 cr.	↑ 31.5%
Female enrolment	1.57 cr.	2.18 cr.	2.24 cr.	↑ 42.2%
Overall GER	23.7	29.5	30.0	—
Female GER	22.9	30.2	31.2	—
STEM enrolment	91.5 lakh	—	1.02 cr.	↑ 11.4%

The data are self-reported voluntarily by registered institutions via a web-based portal utilising a data capture format. While the Education Ministry executes built-in validations and scrutiny checks, primary data quality remains the responsibility of the respective institutions.

The enrolment of female students in higher educational institutions rose from 1.57 crore in

2014-15 to 2.18 crore in 2022-23 and 2.24 crore in 2023-24, marking a 42.2% increase since 2014-15.

The Gender Parity Index (GPI) stands at 1.08 for 2023-24, remaining consistently above 1.0 for seven consecutive years. This underlines a trend where female participation systematically outpaces male participation.

Also, India's gross enrolment ratio (calculated for

the 18-23 age bracket) reached 30 in 2023-24. Notably, the female GER scaled to 31.2, distinctly higher than the national baseline. For the Scheduled Castes, the enrolment jumped 51.4% since 2014-15, reaching 69.72 lakh. The GER for SC students grew from 18.9 to 27.8. For the Scheduled Tribes, enrolment witnessed a 75.7% rise, climbing to 28.83 lakh, with the GER up from 13.5 to 22.8. With regard to the Other Backward Classes, student numbers grew 60.2%, from 1.13 crore to 1.80 crore over 10 years.

Enrolment in STEM fields climbed to 1.02 crore in 2023-24. "Mirroring the overall demographic shift, the female share in STEM programmes climbed steadily to 44%, up from 38.4% a decade ago," the report said.

Indicator	2014–15	2022–23	2023–24	Change since 2014–15
Total enrolment	3.42 crore	4.46 crore	4.50 crore	↑ 31.5%
Female enrolment	1.57 crore	2.18 crore	2.24 crore	↑ 42.2%
Overall GER	23.7	29.5	30.0	+6.3 points
Female GER	22.9	30.2	31.2	+8.3 points
STEM enrolment	91.5 lakh	—	1.02 crore	↑ 11.4%
Female share in STEM	38.4%	—	44%	+5.6 percentage points

2. The Most Important Trend

Female enrolment grew **faster than overall enrolment** during the decade.

Comparison	Growth
Total student enrolment	31.5%
Female enrolment	42.2%
Difference in growth rate	10.7 percentage points

This indicates that the expansion of Indian higher education has been accompanied by a significant improvement in **gender participation**.

3. Understanding GER and GPI

Concept	Meaning	India's Position, 2023–24
GER – Gross Enrolment Ratio	Students enrolled in higher education as a percentage of the relevant 18–23 age group	30.0
Female GER	GER specifically for women	31.2
GPI – Gender Parity Index	Ratio of female participation to male participation	1.08
Interpretation of GPI > 1	Female participation is higher than male participation	GPI remained above 1 for 7 consecutive years

4. Social Category-wise Growth

Social Group	Enrolment Growth Since 2014–15	GER Change	Key Observation
Scheduled Castes (SC)	↑ 51.4%	18.9 → 27.8	Strong expansion in access
Scheduled Tribes (ST)	↑ 75.7%	13.5 → 22.8	Highest percentage enrolment growth
Other Backward Classes (OBC)	↑ 60.2%	—	Enrolment rose from 1.13 crore to 1.80 crore

Analytical Point

The data indicate **democratisation of access** to higher education, but the GER of SC and ST students remains below the national average of 30.

5. STEM Education: Major Change

Indicator	Earlier Position	2023–24
Total STEM enrolment	91.5 lakh	1.02 crore
Female share in STEM	38.4%	44%

STEM = Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics.

The rise in women's STEM participation is significant because historically women have been relatively underrepresented in engineering and technology-intensive careers.

6. Why Has Female Enrolment Increased?

Factor	Impact
Expansion of colleges and universities	Improved geographical accessibility
Scholarships and financial assistance	Reduced economic barriers
Girls' hostels and transport facilities	Improved physical accessibility and safety
Growing family acceptance	Greater social support for women's education
Digital and distance education	Greater flexibility of access
Reservation and inclusion policies	Increased participation of marginalised communities
Better school-level retention	Larger pool of girls eligible for higher education

7. Challenges Despite Progress

Progress	Remaining Challenge
Female GER exceeds national GER	Regional and rural–urban disparities remain
GPI is 1.08	Enrolment parity does not automatically mean employment parity
Female STEM share reached 44%	Representation in high-end technical jobs and leadership may remain lower
SC/ST enrolment has grown rapidly	Their GER still remains below the national average

Remember	Figure
Total higher education enrolment	4.50 crore
Female enrolment	2.24 crore
Female enrolment growth since 2014–15	42.2%
Overall GER	30.0
Female GER	31.2
Gender Parity Index	1.08
Female STEM share	44%
SC enrolment growth	51.4%
ST enrolment growth	75.7%
OBC enrolment growth	60.2%

KARNATAKA HIGH COURT HAS SOUGHT A RESPONSE FROM THE CENTRE

Gift or income? Same-sex couple's gold bracelet sparks tax law challenge in HC

Mustafa Plumber
Bengaluru, July 8

WHEN IS a gift from your partner just a gift — and when is it “income from other sources”?

For same-sex couples in India, the answer currently turns on a single, undefined word in the Income Tax Act: “spouse.” And now, a Bengaluru couple has taken that word to court.

The Karnataka High Court on Tuesday sought a response from the Central Government on a writ petition filed by Anurag Kalia and Akhilesh Godi, both IIT alumni, who have challenged the Constitutional validity of the “fifth proviso” to

Section 56(2)(x) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The provision exempts gifts between “spouses” from tax but a plain reading, or the literal meaning of the term in legal parlance, excludes same-sex couples.

The dispute began with a 22-karat gold bracelet weighing 14.41 grams. Godi, who had received it from his father as a family heirloom, gifted it to Kalia on the anniversary of their relationship. The couple declared the bracelet's estimated value as Rs 1,15,500.

As per Section 56(2)(x), any money or property worth more than Rs 50,000 received without consideration is taxable as “income from other sources”. The proviso carves out gifts re-

ceived from a “relative” — a term the Act defines, for an individual, to begin with the “spouse of the individual”.

Had the two men been a married couple, or even an unmarried heterosexual couple presumed to be married by virtue of long cohabitation, the bracelet would not have counted as income at all, and would not even have had to be disclosed in a tax return.

Instead, while preparing his returns for 2025-26, Kalia was advised that he must have the bracelet valued by a registered valuer, report its fair market value as income, and pay tax on it at 25%, plus a 15% surcharge and 4% cess, according to their petition.



Karnataka High Court

The petitioners, who work as software engineers in Bengaluru, told the court that they have been together for more than seven years -- cohabiting

since 2019 with a jointly owned house in the city. The petition also states that they seek neither recognition nor presumption of marriage, nor any

declaration of marital status.

A line of decisions, dating back to a 1927 ruling by the Privy Council in *A Dinohamy v. Balahamy*, holds that if a man and woman are proved to have lived together as husband and wife for a prolonged period, the law will presume they are validly married, rather than partners lacking full legal rights and inheritance privileges. The plea by Kalia and Godi also cited Supreme Court rulings, as recent as 2023 in *Smt. Shiramabai v. OIC Records*, to argue for recognition of their relationship.

They argued that a heterosexual couple in the petitioners' circumstances would therefore qualify as “spouses”, and hence

“relatives”, under the tax exemption. The petitioners argued that they are denied the same benefit “solely on the basis of sex”, in violation of Articles 14 and 15 of the Constitution, with consequent violations of Articles 19(1)(a) and 21, by taxing “an expression of love and affection”.

In a landmark ruling in 2018, the Supreme Court had held that “sex” under Article 15 includes sexual orientation.

Justice B M Shyam Prasad, who briefly heard the matter in the Karnataka High Court, narrowed the case to a single issue: when the legislature has chosen not to define “spouse”, can a court enlarge the term's

scope through judicial interpretation?


“We intend to hear only on this aspect. If the enactment says the receipt in the hand of these only would not be income from other sources, how do we say it is discriminatory? The moment we say it is discriminatory, a door is open,” the court said in an oral observation.

The court also asked whether the definition's meaning or scope could be extended to relatives of any kind: “There could be foster sons or foster daughters.”

A similar challenge to the provision, filed by Paylo Ashiho and his partner Vivek Divan, is also pending before the Bombay High Court.

Aspect	Details
Court	Karnataka High Court
Petitioners	A same-sex couple who have reportedly lived together for over seven years
Disputed asset	22-carat gold bracelet , weighing 14.41 grams
Declared value	₹1,15,500
Gift source	One partner received it from his father as a family heirloom and gifted it to his partner
Tax issue	Whether a gift between same-sex partners can receive the same tax exemption available for gifts between legally recognised spouses
Legal provision challenged	Fifth proviso to Section 56(2)(x) of the Income-tax Act, 1961
Present status	The High Court has sought a response from the Union government

2. How Gift Taxation Works

Situation	Tax Treatment	
Gift from a defined relative	Generally exempt from tax under Section 56(2)(x)	
Gift from a non-relative up to ₹50,000	Not taxable under this threshold rule	
Gift from a non-relative exceeding ₹50,000	Tax consequences arise under the provision, subject to its detailed conditions	
Gift from spouse	Exempt because spouse falls within the definition of "relative"	
Gift between same-sex partners	Disputed issue because the Act uses " spouse " but does not separately define the term	

Core Legal Question

Can the word "spouse" in tax law be interpreted to include a same-sex partner when same-sex marriage itself is not legally recognised in India?

3. Petitioners' Main Arguments

Argument	Explanation
Article 14 – Equality	A heterosexual couple in comparable circumstances may receive the exemption, while a same-sex couple may not
Article 15 – Non-discrimination	Petitioners argue that denial of the benefit amounts to discrimination linked to sex and sexual orientation
Article 19(1)(a)	The petition invokes freedom of expression in relation to personal identity and relationships
Article 21	Right to life, dignity, privacy and personal autonomy is invoked
Presumption from long cohabitation	Indian jurisprudence has, in some contexts, recognised a presumption of marriage arising from prolonged cohabitation
Constitutional morality	Tax treatment, according to the challenge, should not discriminate between similarly situated intimate relationships

4. The Constitutional Conflict

Petitioners' Perspective

Same-sex couples should receive equal fiscal treatment

"Spouse" should receive an inclusive interpretation

Exclusion creates unequal treatment

Constitutional rights should influence statutory interpretation

Government/Literal Statutory Perspective

Tax exemptions must be strictly interpreted

Legislature has not defined spouse to expressly include same-sex partners

Courts cannot easily create a new tax exemption

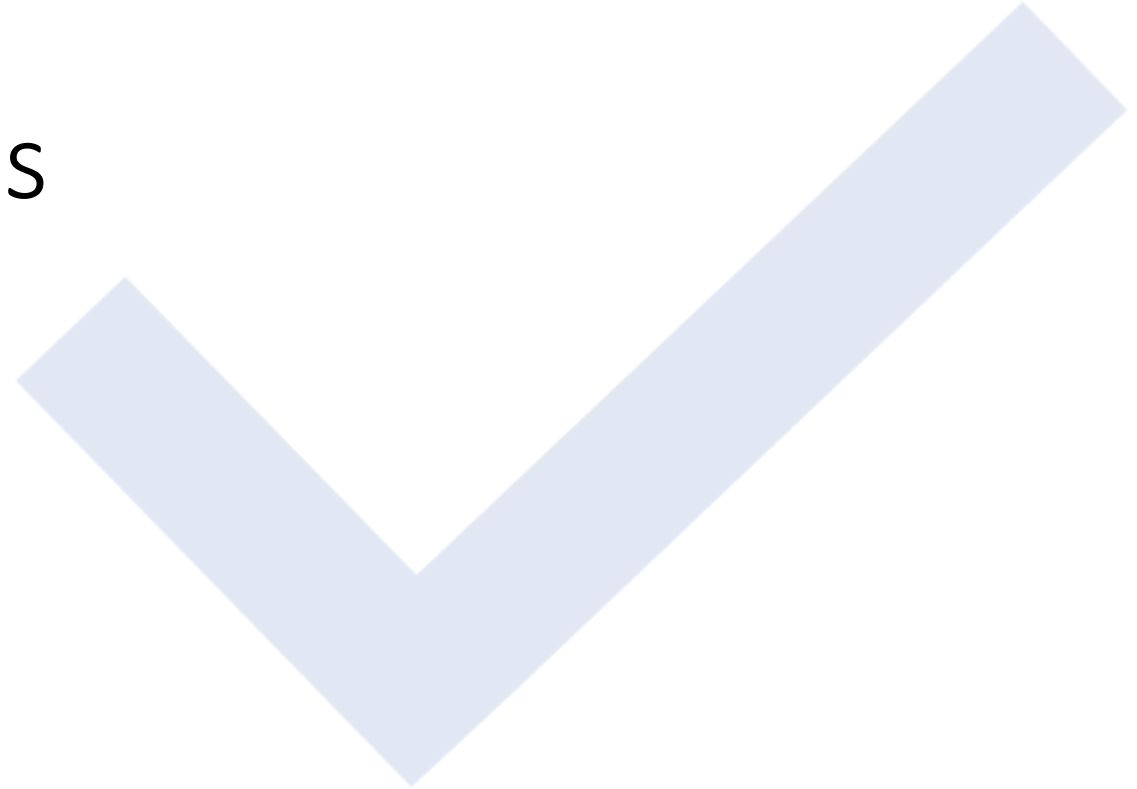
Expanding the definition may be viewed as a legislative function

5. Important Supreme Court Judgments Connected to the Issue

Case	Year	Importance
<u>Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India</u>	2018	Decriminalised consensual same-sex relations between adults and strengthened constitutional protection for sexual orientation
<u>Justice K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India</u>	2017	Recognised privacy as a fundamental right under Article 21
<u>Supriyo v. Union of India</u>	2023	Supreme Court declined to judicially create a right to same-sex marriage under the existing statutory framework
<u>Adinavoy v. Balhamy</u>	1927	Article cites the principle that prolonged cohabitation may support a presumption of marriage in appropriate circumstances

Area	Problem for Same-Sex Couples Without Marriage Recognition
Income tax	Spousal gift exemptions
Inheritance	Automatic succession rights
Pension	Survivor and family pension benefits
Insurance	Nomination and spousal benefits
Adoption	Joint adoption rights
Medical decisions	Next-of-kin recognition
Property	Matrimonial property protections
Maintenance	Spousal maintenance framework

World Bank Income
Classification FY
2027: India Remains
Lower-Middle-
Income





- The World Bank Group has released its FY 2027 income classification, applicable from **1 July 2026 to 30 June 2027** and based on **2025 GNI per capita calculated through the Atlas Method**.
- India remains a **Lower-Middle-Income Economy**, while Sri Lanka, Vietnam and the Philippines are among the economies moving upward.

- **Current Brackets for 2026-2027 (FY27):**

-

Income Category	GNI Per Capita (2025)
Low-Income	USD 1,175 or less
Lower-Middle-Income	USD 1,176–USD4,635
Upper-Middle-Income	USD 4,636–USD14,375
High-Income	More than USD 14,375

HOW DOES THE WORLD BANK CLASSIFY COUNTRIES?

The World Bank groups economies into four income categories based on Atlas Gross National Income (GNI) per capita. These thresholds are **updated every year** to reflect global inflation.

INCOME GROUPS & GNI PER CAPITA THRESHOLDS (FY2027)

 LOW INCOME Up to US\$1,185 Economies with the lowest average income per person.	 LOWER-MIDDLE INCOME US\$1,186 – US\$4,695 Countries earning more than low income, but below the midpoint toward upper-middle income.	 UPPER-MIDDLE INCOME US\$4,696 – US\$14,575 Countries with a higher average income and more diversified economies.	 HIGH INCOME Above US\$14,575 Economies with the highest average income per person.
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i Thresholds are in current US dollars. Classifications are effective from **July 1, 2026 – June 30, 2027**.

THE ATLAS METHOD: WHY IT MATTERS



The Atlas method is designed to reduce the impact of short-term exchange-rate volatility and inflation.



Averages exchange rates over several years.



Adjusts for inflation to make income figures more comparable across countries and over time.

WHY COUNTRIES CAN MOVE BETWEEN CATEGORIES

A country's classification can change from one year to the next due to:



Changes in population estimates



Revisions to national accounts



Exchange-rate movements



Updates to economic data




Real income growth or decline



The World Bank updates income classifications every **July 1** using the **previous calendar year's Atlas GNI per capita**.

Indicator	India
Classification	Lower-Middle Income
GNI per capita, Atlas method	\$2,760
Upper-middle threshold	\$4,636
Additional income needed to cross threshold	\$1,876 per person
Current income as % of threshold	≈59.5%
India in this category since	2009

India's 2025 Atlas-method GNI per capita was reported at **\$2,760**, far below the \$4,636 threshold for upper-middle-income status.  Business Today +1

Key teaching question: Why can India be a large economy but still lower-middle income?

Because economic size and average income are different concepts.


Large GDP ≠ High per-capita income

India has a very large total economy, but its national income is distributed across a population exceeding 1.4 billion. World Bank income classification is based on **GNI per capita**, not total GDP or GDP growth rate.

 Business Standard

3. Countries upgraded in FY 2027

Movement	Economies
Lower-Middle → Upper-Middle	Sri Lanka, Vietnam, Philippines, Jordan, Micronesia
Low Income → Lower-Middle	Togo
Total upgraded	6 economies

The World Bank's July 2026 update discusses the economies moving upward and the factors behind those changes.  World Bank Blogs

Factor	India	Sri Lanka	Vietnam
FY 2027 category	Lower-Middle	Upper-Middle	Upper-Middle
Main structural story	Large GDP but low per-capita income	Post-crisis economic recovery	Export-oriented industrialisation
Major strength	Large domestic market and services	Tourism and services recovery	Manufacturing and global exports
Key challenge	Raising productivity and income per person	Debt sustainability	Avoiding middle-income trap

Term

Meaning

Exam trap

GDP

Production within domestic territory

Includes foreign companies producing in India

GNI

Income earned by residents/nationals, adjusted for cross-border primary income

Used for World Bank income classification

GNI per capita

$GNI \div \text{population}$

Main classification indicator

Atlas Method

World Bank conversion method designed to reduce the effect of short-term exchange-rate fluctuations

Not simply market exchange rate conversion

PPP income

Adjusts for differences in purchasing power

Not the basis of this income classification

Priority Area

Why it matters

Manufacturing expansion

Creates large-scale productive employment

Export competitiveness

Raises foreign earnings and productivity

Human capital

Better education, health and skills increase worker productivity

Female labour-force participation

Expands the productive workforce

Agricultural productivity

Important because of India's large rural population

Urbanisation

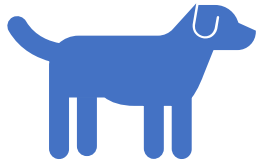
Productive cities generate agglomeration benefits

Formalisation

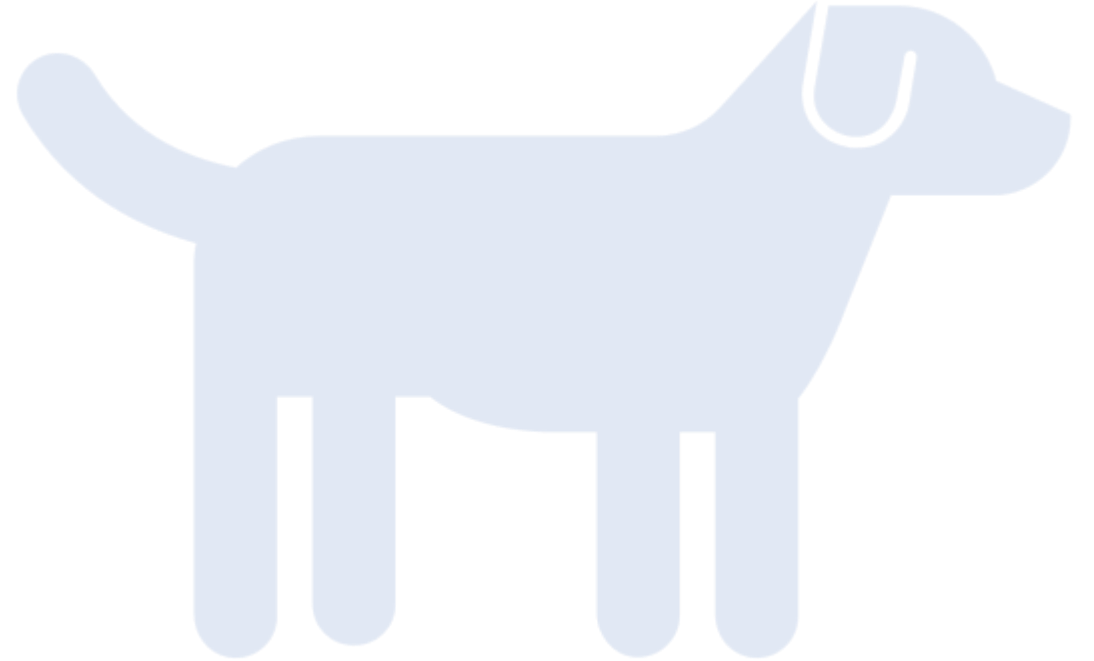
Better productivity, credit access and tax capacity

Technology and R&D

Needed to move from low-cost production to high-value activities



World Zoonoses Day 2026



Key Point	Details
World Zoonoses Day	6 July every year
Historical reason	Commemorates the first successful rabies vaccination by Louis Pasteur in 1885
2026 Theme	“One World, One Health: Prevent Zoonoses”
Main policy development	Draft National Action Plan for Prevention and Control of Zoonoses
Nodal institution	National Centre for Disease Control
Core philosophy	One Health Approach
Digital surveillance platform	IHIP 2.0 – Integrated Health Information Platform

2. What are Zoonotic Diseases?

Zoonoses are infectious diseases that can naturally transmit **between vertebrate animals and humans**.

Major causative agents

Pathogen Type	Examples of Zoonotic Diseases
Virus	Rabies, Nipah, Mpox, Zika
Bacteria	Anthrax, Brucellosis, Leptospirosis
Parasites	Toxoplasmosis, Leishmaniasis
Fungi	Ringworm and some animal-associated fungal infections

Important distinction

Disease Type	Direction/Pattern
Zoonosis	Animal → Human transmission
Reverse zoonosis / Zooanthroponosis	Human → Animal transmission
Vector-borne zoonosis	Animal reservoir → Vector → Human
Emerging zoonosis	Newly appearing or rapidly expanding zoonotic disease

Component	Proposed Approach
National Framework	National Action Plan for Prevention and Control of Zoonoses
Decentralisation	States and UTs to develop context-specific State Action Plans
Disease Surveillance	Expansion of sentinel surveillance sites
Data Integration	Real-time cross-sectoral information sharing
Technology	Use of IHIP 2.0
Capacity Building	Learning packages and e-learning modules
Target Groups	Doctors, veterinarians and frontline public-health workers
Coordination	Health + Animal Husbandry + Environment sectors
Risk Communication	Coordinated public communication during outbreaks
Financing	Sustainable cross-ministerial financing mechanisms

No.	Disease	Causative Agent Type	Important Source/Vector
1	Anthrax	Bacteria	Infected livestock/animal products
2	Brucellosis	Bacteria	Cattle, goats, sheep; unpasteurised dairy
3	Kyasanur Forest Disease (KFD)	Virus	Tick vector; forest ecosystem
4	Crimean-Congo Haemorrhagic Fever (CCHF)	Virus	Ticks and livestock exposure
5	Nipah	Virus	Fruit bats; intermediate hosts possible
6	Mpox	Virus	Animal-to-human and human-to-human transmission
7	Rabies	Virus	Mainly infected dog bites in the Indian context
8	Leptospirosis	Bacteria	Water/soil contaminated with infected animal urine
9	Scrub Typhus	Bacteria	Chigger mites
10	Zika	Virus	Aedes mosquitoes; also other transmission routes



Disease

Pathogen

Vector/Reservoir



Important Indian Connection

KFD

Virus

Tick

First identified in Karnataka's forest region

Nipah

Virus

Fruit bats

Outbreaks particularly associated with Kerala

Rabies

Virus

Dogs and other mammals

Preventable through vaccination and post-exposure prophylaxis

Scrub Typhus

Bacterium

Chigger mite

Reported across several Indian regions

CCHF

Virus

Tick

Serious haemorrhagic fever

Zika

Virus

Aedes mosquito

Same mosquito genus associated with dengue and chikungunya

Brucellosis

Bacterium

Livestock


Occupational risk for livestock handlers and veterinarians

Leptospirosis

Bacterium

Rodents and other animals

Risk rises with contaminated water exposure and flooding



BHAVYA Industrial Parks Scheme



Point

Details

Full Form

Bharat Audyogik Vikas Yojna (BHAVYA)

Type

Central Sector Scheme

Nodal Department

Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade

Ministry

Ministry of Commerce & Industry

Financial Outlay

₹33,660 crore

Duration

6 years: 2026–27 to 2031–32

Target

100 industrial parks

Model

Investment-ready **Plug-and-Play** parks

First Phase

Up to **50 parks**

Project Management Agency

National Industrial Corridor Development Corporation

Core Goal

Manufacturing + Investment + Employment + Exports

Traditional Industrial Setup

Company searches for land

Separate infrastructure development

Long approval process

Company builds basic facilities

Connectivity uncertainty

Long time before production

BHAVYA Plug-and-Play Model

Industrial land already identified

Roads and utilities developed

Single-window and streamlined approval focus

Ready-built or built-to-suit facilities can be supported

Logistics connectivity planned

Faster movement from investment decision to production

Region/Category

Indicative Land Provision

Hilly regions, smaller UTs and
Northeastern States

Starting from **25 acres**

General industrial parks under the core
framework

Generally **100–1,000 acres**

Larger strategic locations

Can extend up to **1,000 acres**

Infrastructure Category	Examples
Core Infrastructure	Internal roads, drainage, underground utilities
Power Infrastructure	Reliable electricity and renewable-energy integration
Water Infrastructure	Assured industrial water supply
Environmental Infrastructure	Waste management and common treatment facilities
Logistics	Road, rail and multimodal connectivity
Industrial Facilities	Factory sheds, built-to-suit units and warehousing
Quality Infrastructure	Testing laboratories
Digital Infrastructure	ICT systems and digital single-window mechanisms
Social Infrastructure	Worker housing and supporting amenities

8. Why Does India Need BHAVYA?

India's manufacturing challenge

Problem	BHAVYA Response
Land acquisition delays	Investment-ready industrial land
Multiple approvals	Streamlined and single-window mechanisms
High logistics cost	Multimodal connectivity
Infrastructure uncertainty	Assured power, water and roads
Fragmented industrial clusters	Integrated industrial ecosystems
Slow factory commissioning	Plug-and-play model
Weak worker facilities	Worker housing and social infrastructure
Environmental compliance costs	Common waste and treatment infrastructure

Period	Broad Policy Approach
1950s–1980s	State-led industrialisation and licensing
1991 onwards	Liberalisation and private investment
2000s	SEZs and export-oriented infrastructure
2010s	Industrial corridors and Make in India
2020 onwards	PLI, Gati Shakti and logistics reforms
2026 onwards	BHAVYA: investment-ready industrial ecosystems

Parameter	BHAVYA Industrial Park	SEZ
Primary purpose	Manufacturing infrastructure	Export-oriented economic activity
Main attraction	Plug-and-play facilities	Special regulatory and fiscal framework
Export obligation	Not the defining feature	Export orientation is central
Infrastructure focus	Very high	Varies by SEZ
Domestic market	Can serve domestic and export markets	Governed by special SEZ framework
Selection approach	Challenge-based competitive model	Approval under SEZ legal framework

PM Modi Receives Indonesia's Highest Civilian Honour

Point	Details
Award	Bintang Adipurna of the Republic of Indonesia
Recipient	PM Narendra Modi
Date	7 July 2026
Presented by	President Prabowo Subianto
Country	Indonesia
Venue context	State Visit to Jakarta
Reason	Leadership and exceptional contribution to strengthening India–Indonesia relations
Visit period	6–8 July 2026
Additional distinction	Modi became the first Indian Prime Minister to address the Indonesian Parliament

Period

Ancient period

Medieval period

Colonial period

1940s

1955

1961

2005

2018

Present phase

Major Development

Maritime trade and spread of Hindu-Buddhist cultural influences

Commercial links through the Indian Ocean trading system

Both experienced European colonialism

India supported Indonesia's struggle for independence

Both were important participants in the **Bandung Conference**

India and Indonesia became founding members of the Non-Aligned Movement

Strategic Partnership

Relationship upgraded to **Comprehensive Strategic Partnership**

Stronger maritime, defence, economic and Indo-Pacific cooperation

Word of the day

Debonair:

having a sophisticated charm

Synonym: suave

Usage: *The actor's debonair manner won over the audience.*

Pronunciation: newsth.live/debonair

International Phonetic

Alphabet: /ˌdɛbəˈneɪ(ɹ)/



Word of the day

Lucullan:

characterised by extravagance and profusion

Synonyms: luxurious, lavish, sumptuous

Usage: *The celebration ended with a lucullan meal.*

Pronunciation: newsth.live/lucullan

International Phonetic

Alphabet: /lʊkʌlən/

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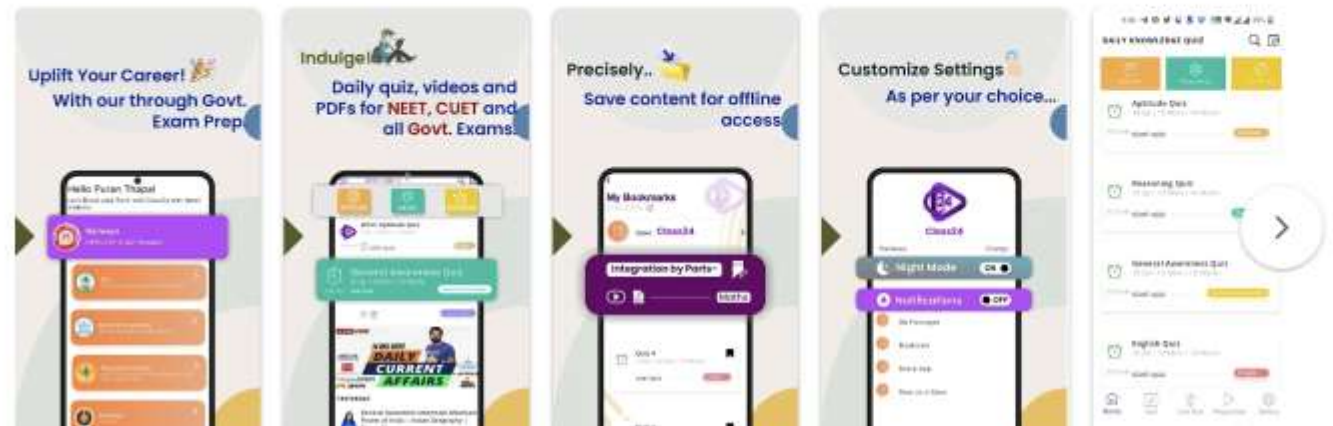
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