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10 MCQ QUIZ

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Online contests may be excluded from ban



Four Kuki militants

killed in Manipur

Scam hubs in Southeast Asia India should forge a coordinated regional response EDITORIAL -- PAGE S



BUDINESS > PAGE 13

INSIDE



SC examining the ban on surrogacy for second child

NEW DELEG

Tuestay decided to examine whether a law barning married enuples facing secondary indexicity from using surrogacy to face a second shid amounts to a restriction on the

Dick Cheney. former V-P of the U.S., no more

WASSISCITON
Bick Chaney, who become one
of the most powerful Vice
Presidents in United States
festery as livery W. Bush's
number two during 9/11 and Monday. He was 84. in PAGE

SC flags POCSO's misuse in cases on adolescents

New DRAJE The Supreme Court on Tuesday expressed concern were the growing misute of the POCSO Act to reinfrance constraint adolescent relationships, and and it was considering issuing directions to spread taged expresses on to spread legal assoronous on the subject to PAGE 4

Pause the issue of permits for animal import'

NEW DELTH. A panel of CITES, the glube's most influential agreement on wildlife conservation has imended that inclin pause the touce of permits that oferer englangered assmals to be

EC kicks off SIR 2.0 in 9 States and 3 U.T.s The exercise will cover 51 crore voters; West Bengal CM Mamata Banerjee has alleged 'silent, invisible rigging'; ruling DMK in Tamil Nadu moves SC, terming exercise 'arbitrary,

unreasonable, and prone to disenfranchising voters' officers are going door-to-door handing out partially filled enumeration forms, every elector will receive a unique form

he Election Com-mission on Tues-day launched the second phase of the special intensive revision 0800 of electoral rolls in nine States and three Union Ter ritories, covering around Si crore voters, with boothfevel officers distributing enumeration forms to elecors.
The exercise, however.

drew sharp opposition from several parties. West Bengal Chief Minister and Vibrary Bengal Chtef Mintater and Trinamool Congress leader Marnata Bancrjee led a rai-by in Kolkata, alleging "si-tont, invisible rigging", while the ruling Drawi's while the ruling Drawi's Minnetra Kashagam (DME) in Tamil Nadio chal-lenged the essencie in the Supreme Court, calling it "arbitrary, unressonable.



and prone to disenfran-chisting voters: The tilestim commis-ture clean up essection as step towards ensuring greater transparency on an out partially filled enumer-

ation forms. Every elector will receive a unique form, it said. During the enumer-ation phase, which will continue till December 4, more than 5.3 lakh BLOs

Poll-bound States Ameng Hese, Temil Nadu, Kerala, West Bengal, and Puducherry will go to the

will wish houses at least three for the distribution and collection of forms. Apart from the BLDs. 7.64 light boothlevel agents (BLDs appointed by

ed from the electoral rolls.
Addressing an anti-SIR
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State. Raising questions about the necessity of a hurriedly drawn out SiR, the Trinamon! Congress chief asked, "Toskay, after all these years of indepen-

ercise was launched under the theme Shaddh Nirve-chak Namavali - Majhaot Loktantra (Clean Riccioral

sex and associant ISOs, and page 23 per page 32 per pa in Kerala, Chief Minister Pinarayi Vijayan has called for an all-party meeting on-line on Wednesday to seek consensus on the imple-mentation of the SBL Mosi move two crime names and deport people to Bangla-desh, or move them to de-tention damps and throw them out of the country to capture power," she said.

8 killed as passenger, goods trains collide near Bilaspur in Chhattisgarh

The Hindu Bureau

At least eight persons were killed and around 20 in-jured after a passenger train runned a stationary goods train near the Bila-pur callway aution in Chibatingari on Tuendoy. The Railway Ministry has ordered an inquity. Rescue operations were under way till late evening and train services re-nained affected on the The Indient courted. At least eight persons were

The incident occurred around 4 p.m., when the MICMU passenger train was MICMU passenger train was beading to Blaspur from

The Railways said a compensation of fi0 labb each will be provided to



the next of kin of the de-ceased. 25 lable such to said 81 lable such to those with minor injuries. A passenger who was A passenger who was

had climbed up the last wa gon of the goods train and many were trapped. I and

India-Israel ties defined by trust, says Jaishankar

Against the backdrop of growing concern over the fragile ceasefire in Gaza Strip, Israel's Foreign Minister Gideon Sa'ar held talks with External Affairs Minister S. Jaishankar and National Security Advises Doyal here on

tion at Hyderabad House, Mr. Jaishunkar said the In-dia Jarsel ties were marked dia-forset ties were marked by a "high degree of trust" and "reliability". He said india-faraet country-terror cooperation was "casen-tal". After insecting fit, the val, Mr. Sa'ar said the two sides discussed plans to "confront" the "mutual threat of terror".

Bay manking: External Affairs Minister S, Jandssenker wit Foreign Affairs Minister Guleum Sa'ar in New Gelds, Ph.

strategic partnership and should work for "ensuring

should work for "ensuring a global approach of zero tolerance towards torio-rism, in all its forms and manifestations."
The two Ministera pre-sided over the signing of an agreement between the Sushma Swami Institute of Poreign Sievice of the Mistrategic partnership and particularly in our case, that term has a real mean-ing. We have steed togoth-er in tenting fines. And we have created a relationship with a high degree of trust and reliability," said Mr. Jaioburker. He said the two sides

nistry of External Affairs and the Fureign Ministry of Israel for Iraining of diplo-mats. After meeting Mr. Jaishurskar at the Hydera-bad House, the Jaraeli Fo-reign Minister called on Mr. Joval.

"Common challenges"
"We discussed ways to cooperate and confront cooperate and confront our common challenges, especially the mutual threat of terror. We are building a long-term atta-tegic partnership between loraet and India," and Me

So're.

Mr. Jaishankar expressed support for business leave cooperation between the two sides adding. 'In recent times, india has developed many new up abilities, especially in raff, road and part infrastrae.

ture, in renewable energy and in health. Our lines nesses are very keen to ex-plore opportunities in in-rael, and we would cortainly like to give that more attention."

Diplomatic sources had told The Hindu that israel will undergo a major construction and infrastrucstruction, and intrastruc-ture boom in near future for which it would require globally available expertise including from the rele-vant sectors in India. Mr. Jaisbankur reiterat-

Mr. Jaisbankar reiterated Italia's support for the
peace formula to end the
conflict in Gaza that was
proposed by U.S. President
Donald Trump on Gotober
13 in Egypt's sharm-eiSheikh and conveyed
"hope that the Peace Plan
pace at the way for a durable
and lasting solution."

Leaders hold many rallies in Bihar as campaigning ends for first phase of polls

As campaigning ended on Tuesday for the first phase of the Bhar Assembly election, isaders of holh the ruling NDA and the Opposition (NDA bloc were all out in their final appeal to weters in the 12 constituencies which will go to the polls on November 6.

the polls on November 6. Both Union Home Mi-nister Amil Shah and Leader of Opposition in the Lok Sabha Kabul Gandhi held Sable Rabid Carolli Irela three rallice each on a hec-tic final day, while the IN-IMA block chief ministerial candidate Tejashwi Yadav nicel a chopper in signifere in visits to 17 constituen-cies on the linal day of campaigning.

cies on the final day of campaigning.

The NDA treited out the big game with a alow of 12n-ion Ministers and MP Chief Ministers harping on a theme of corruption and langle raj if the Opposition landwide Januar Dates Surge to Dower in the State.

Jobs a key plank
Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Ya-dav focused on Bihar's unemployed youth, asking
why the NDA has failed to why the NDA has tailed to provide jobs despite many years in power in both the Mare and Centre. Mr. Shah addressed three back-to-back public

meetings in three districts - Darbhanga, East Cham-Darbhanga, East Chauparan, and West Chaupparan—covering rune. Asparan, and West Chaupparan—covering rune. Asparan, and west Chaupparan—covering rune. Asparan — covering rune. As



after collection of election material in Paths on Tuesday, 21)

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as accurad the HOTEA blace
kar Yatra to protect "infiltiators".

trators*

'Development train'
BIP president LP Nadda
pushed a development
narrative during his rally in the Barbara seat, followed by a road show in tiaya. "It took 20 years for Bihar's

talk about 'crime', said Union Defance Minister Rajnath Singh, who ad-dressed meetings in the Raghopur, Fatua, Simri Bakhityarpur, and Tarapur

talented youth into labour res, forcing them to do me-nial work across the com-try, he said, theread of talking about reels, the Prime Minister should have spelt out how he will

EC kicks off SIR 2.0 in 9 States and 3 U.T.s

The exercise will cover 51 crore voters; West Bengal CM Mamata Banerjee has alleged 'silent, invisible rigging'; ruling DMK in Tamil Nadu moves SC, terming exercise 'arbitrary, unreasonable, and prone to disenfranchising voters'; officers are going door-to-door handing out partially filled enumeration forms; every elector will receive a unique form

<u>Sreeparna Chakrabarty</u> <u>Shiv Sahay Singh</u>

NEW DELHI/KOLKATA

he Election Commission on Tuesday launched the second phase of the special intensive revision (SIR) of electoral rolls in nine States and three Union Territories, covering around 51 crore voters, with boothlevel officers distributing enumeration forms to electors.

The exercise, however, drew sharp opposition from several parties. West Bengal Chief Minister and Trinamool Congress leader Mamata Banerjee led a rally in Kolkata, alleging "silent, invisible rigging", while the ruling Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK) in Tamil Nadu challenged the exercise in the Supreme Court, calling it "arbitrary, unreasonable,



Screening time: A booth-level officer hands over enumeration forms to voters in Kolkata on Tuesday as part of the special intensive revision of electoral rolls that got under way in West Bengal. PTI

and prone to disenfranchising voters".

The BJP has welcomed the clean-up exercise as a step towards ensuring greater transparency on the electoral rolls.

The Election Commission said booth-level officers (BLO) have started going door-to-door to hand out partially filled enumeration forms. Every elector will receive a unique form, it said. During the enumeration phase, which will continue till December 4, more than 5.3 lakh BLOs will visit houses at least thrice for the distribution and collection of forms.

Apart from the BLOs, 7.64 lakh booth-level agents (BLAs) appointed by political parties, 10,448 electoral registration officers and assistant EROs, and 321 DEOs have been pressed into action to conduct the SIR exercise in a smooth, orderly, and voter friendly manner, a senior official said.

The 12 States and Union Territories where the SIR is being conducted are the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Lakshadweep, Chhattisgarh, Goa, Gujarat, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Puducherry, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Uttar Pradesh and West Bengal.

Poll-bound States

Among these, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, West Bengal, and Puducherry will go to the polls in 2026.

The first phase of the SIR exercise was carried out in Bihar earlier this year, following which over 68 lakh names were deleted from the electoral rolls.

Addressing an anti-SIR rally in Kolkata, Ms. Banerjee said she would ensure the fall of the BJP-led government at the Centre if a single eligible voter was omitted from the electoral rolls.

She accused the BJP and the Election Commission of using the SIR as a political tool to intimidate voters, adding that the BJP wanted to come to power by removing legitimate voters from the list. "These people think they will remove two crore names and deport people to Bangladesh, or move them to detention camps and throw them out of the country to capture power," she said.

The march came on a day election officials said 16 lakh enumeration forms had been distributed in the State. Raising questions about the necessity of a hurriedly drawn out SIR, the Trinamool Congress chief asked, "Today, after all these years of independence, do we still have to prove that we are Indians?"

In Uttar Pradesh, the exercise was launched under the theme Shuddh Nirvachak Namavali - Majboot Loktantra (Clean Electoral Roll - Strong Democracy).

In Kerala, Chief Minister Pinarayi Vijayan has called for an all-party meeting online on Wednesday to seek consensus on the implementation of the SIR. Most parties in the State – barring the BJP – have raised concerns over its timing.

RELATED REPORTS ON

» PAGES 2, 3 & 4

- The Election Commission of India (ECI) launched the second phase of the Special Intensive
 Revision (SIR) of electoral rolls in 9 States and 3 Union Territories, covering about 51 crore voters.
- The move is aimed at updating and cleaning the electoral rolls before the 2026 general elections.
- However, it has drawn strong opposition from political parties notably TMC (West Bengal) and DMK (Tamil Nadu) — alleging that the exercise is arbitrary, opaque, and disenfranchises legitimate voters.

What is the SIR (Special Intensive Revision)?

Aspect	Details
Purpose	To verify and update the accuracy of voter rolls — deleting ineligible names and enrolling missing voters.
Conducted By	Booth-Level Officers (BLOs) under supervision of District Election Officers (DEOs) and Electoral Registration Officers (EROs).
Method	Door-to-door verification and distribution of partially filled enumeration forms to all voters.
Coverage (2025 phase)	9 States + 3 UTs; ~51 crore voters; includes West Bengal, Tamil Nadu, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Rajasthan, Goa, Gujarat, Puducherry, and Uttar Pradesh.
Duration	From November 3 to December 4, 2025.

Key Features of SIR 2.0

BLOs will visit houses at least thrice to distribute and collect voter forms.

Each elector receives a unique form with prefilled details for verification.

Around **5.3 lakh BLOs** and **7.6 lakh booth-level agents (BLAs)** of political parties are deployed.

Goal: To ensure "clean, accurate, and inclusive" electoral rolls ahead of 2026 polls.

DMK's Legal Arguments in Supreme Court

Grounds	Details
Constitutional Violation	The exercise undermines free and fair elections, a basic feature of democracy under Article 326.
Arbitrariness	The procedure lacks transparency and fixed timelines for corrections.
Disenfranchisement Risk	Voters failing to provide documents or being absent risk deletion from rolls.
Procedural Flaws	BLOs collect enumeration forms but voters are not directed to provide official documents; this may cause wrongful exclusion.
Overlap Issue	Period for claims and objections (Dec 9, 2025 – Jan 8, 2026) coincides with monsoon and festival season, limiting appeals.
Statutory Ambiguity	No fixed timeframe for publication or appeal disposal under Section 24(a)/(b) of the Representation of the People Act

(RPA), 1950.

Stage Period

House-to-house verification Nov 3 – Dec 4, 2025

Publication of draft rolls Dec 8, 2025

Filing of claims & objections Dec 9, 2025 – Jan 8, 2026

Final roll publication Feb 7, 2026

Appeals (if any)

By Jan 31, 2026

Provision	Relevance
Article 326	Universal adult suffrage — voting rights for all citizens above 18 years.
Representation of People Act, 1950	Empowers ECI to prepare and revise electoral rolls.
Article 324	EC's constitutional mandate to conduct free and fair elections.
Judicial Oversight	SC may review whether EC's procedure violates equality or due process.

Universities of China, Singapore & Hong Kong move up the ladder

India's top institutions slip in QS Asia rankings

MANU KAUSHIK New Delhi, November 4

INDIA'S TOP-RANKED universities have taken a back seat in the latest QS Asia University Rankings 2026, with premier institutes like IIT Delhi, IIT Bombay and Indian Institute of Science (IISc) seeing a drop in their positions.

Within the top seven Indian universities that featured on the top 100 list, all institutes have taken a tumble this year, including IIT Delhi which slipped 15 positions to rank at #59.

All seven IITs — Delhi, Bombay, Madras, Kharagpur, Kanpur, Roorkee and Guwahati that feature in the top 150 list have slipped in comparison to the previous year. In contrast, the newer IITs like IIT BHU Varanasi (#237), IIT Hyderabad (#270) and IIT Gandhinagar (#300) have improved their rankings.

India has, however, added 137 universities to the list, taking the tally of ranked institutions to 294. Six universities dropped out of the rankings, including Jaypee University of Information Technology, GB Pant University of Agriculture and Technology, University of Agricultural Sciences (Bangalore) and Mangalore University.

On the other hand, institutes from Singapore, China and Hong Kong have moved up in the league tables. China, for example, has 24 universities ranked in top 100 this time, up from 22 last year.

China has also seen the addition of 261 universities in

PROGRESS REPORT

Top 5 universities in Asia	2026	2025	Top 5 universities in India	2026	2025
The University of Hong Kong	1	2	Indian Institute of Technology Delhi (IITD)	59	44
Peking University	2	1	Indian Institute of Science	64	62
Nanyang Technological University, Singapore	3	4	Indian Institute of Technology Madras (IITM)	70	56
National University of Singapore (NUS)	3	3	Indian Institute of Technology Bombay (IITB)	71	48
Fudan University	5	5	Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur (ITK)	77	67

the rankings – the highest for any of the 26 countries in the list – and the country now has 395 ranked universities.

In the current edition, QS has featured 1,529 universities, significantly higher than last yearwhen just 984 universities were ranked. A QS spokesperson told FE that the decision to expand the list is in recognition of the growing influence of Asia on the global higher education scene.

Despite a sharp fall in rankings, the data show that India has become Asia's research powerhouse, leading the region in productivity and faculty strength. In papers per faculty metric, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad University of Technology (West Bengal) has ranked #1 in Asia. Also, five Indian universities have featured in Asia's top 10 for research productivity, and 28 in the top 50, which is more

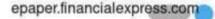
than double of China's count.

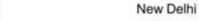
Jessica Turner, CEO, QS, said: "India's higher education transformation is now visible in the data – a system that's globally relevant and locally empowering".

Meanwhile, the University of Hong Kong has moved up to the top slot within Asia, whereas Peking University in China slipped to the #2 spot. As per the rankings, Hong Kong has five universities within the top 10 list followed by China (3 universities) and Singapore (2).

The QS ranked the institutions on nine parameters, including academic reputation, citations per faculty, employer reputation, facultystudent ratio, international faculty ratio, international student diversity, sustainability and others.









- The QS Asia University Rankings 2026 were released recently.
- India's premier institutions such as IIT Delhi, IIT Bombay, IIT Madras, and the Indian Institute of Science (IISc) have slipped in rankings compared to last year.
- Meanwhile, universities in China, Singapore, and Hong Kong have shown notable improvements.

Key Highlights (Asia Rankings 2026)

Rank (Asia)	University	Country	Change (vs 2025)
1	University of Hong Kong	Hong Kong	↑ from 2
2	Peking University	China	↓ from 1
3	Nanyang Technological University (NTU)	Singapore	↑ from 4
4	National University of Singapore (NUS)	Singapore	same
5	Fudan University	China	same

TOP 5 UNIVERSITIES IN INDIA (2026)	ASIA RANK 2026	ASIA RANK 2025	TREND
IIT Delhi (IITD)	59	44	\downarrow
Indian Institute of Science (IISc)	64	62	\
IIT Madras (IITM)	70	56	\downarrow
IIT Bombay (IITB)	71	48	\downarrow
IIT Kanpur (IITK)	77	67	\downarrow

Overall Indian Scenario

- All seven IITs Delhi, Bombay, Madras, Kharagpur, Kanpur, Roorkee, and Guwahati within the top
 150 have fallen in rank.
- However, newer IITs (BHU, Hyderabad, Gandhinagar) have improved slightly.
- India has added 137 universities to the ranking list, bringing the total to 294 ranked institutions.
- Six Indian universities dropped out of the rankings altogether, including:
 - Jaypee University of Information Technology
 - GB Pant University of Agriculture and Technology
 - University of Agricultural Sciences (Bangalore)
 - Mangalore University, etc.

Solution Comparative Regional Trends

Country	Universities Ranked in Top 100	Total Ranked in Asia 2026	Trend
China	24	395	↑ (from 261 last year)
India	7	294	↑ (added 137 new)
Hong Kong	5	_	Strong improvement
Singapore	2		Maintained top-5 positions

Parameter Focus Area

Academic reputation Global peer review of teaching/research

quality

Citations per faculty Research impact

Employer reputation Graduate employability

Faculty/student ratio Teaching environment

International faculty ratio Global engagement

International student ratio Global diversity

Inbound & outbound exchange Student mobility

Sustainability index Environment & governance performance

Papers per faculty Research output

Analysis: Why India Slipped

Possible Factors

Low global visibility

Weak faculty-student ratio

Limited internationalization

Data expansion effect

Infrastructure gaps

Explanation

Limited international collaborations & publications in global journals.

Shortage of qualified academic staff in public institutions.

Fewer foreign students/faculty compared to Asian peers.

Inclusion of more universities (137 new) increases competition.

Funding & administrative delays impact performance indicators.

OpenAI launches IndQA to test AI on Indian languages

ANEES HUSSAIN Bengaluru, November 4

openal on Tuesday unveiled IndQA, a new benchmark designed to evaluate how well artificial intelligence (AI) models understand and reason about questions rooted in Indian languages and cultural contexts.

IndQAmarks the company's first region-specific benchmarking effort, signaling a broader move by OpenAI to create similar evaluation tools for other linguistic and cultural regions in the future.

Srinivas Narayan, CTO of B2B Applications at OpenAI, said India was chosen "as an obvious starting point given its market size, linguistic diversity with approximately one billion peoplewho don't use English as their primary language, and cultural richness".

India currently represents OpenAI's second-largest market for ChatGPT, among its roughly 8 million weekly active users worldwide.

IndQA uses a rubric-based grading approach, where each AI-generated response is scored against a set of expert-defined criteria specific to the question. These criteria describe what an ideal answer should include or avoid, with each item weighted according to importance. A

AI major explores data centre infra in India

ANEES HUSSAIN Bengaluru, November 4

openal is actively considering the establishment of data centre infrastructure in India as the artificial intelligence (AI) giant deepens its commitment to what has become its second-largest and fastest-growing consumer market, Narayan said.

"Infrastructure build-out is a very big thing for us. We are absolutely excited about partnering with players in India to create infrastructure within the country both for the local usage and also for hosting applications here that can be used worldwide."

Narayan said in an interaction with media on the sidelines of 'OpenAI DevDay (Exchange)'.

However, he declined to share specific timelines or details on the progress of these plans so far.

The development comes as the San Francisco-based company expands its footprint in India, following the establishment of its first office in Delhi earlier this year.

When asked about potential plans to introduce India-specific pricing for developers, Narayan remained noncommittal but open to the idea.

model-based grader then checks whether each criterion is satisfied, and the final score is computed as the sum of points earned out of the total possible.

The benchmark includes 2,278 questions across 11 Indian languages — Hindi, Hinglish, Gujarati, Punjabi, Kannada, Odia, Marathi, Malayalam, Tamil, Bengali, and Telugu — and 10 cultural domains:

Law and ethics, Architecture and design, Food and cuisine, Everyday life, Religion and spirituality, Sports and recreation, Literature and linguistics, Media and entertainment, Arts and culture, and History.

It was developed in collaboration with 261 domain experts, including journalists, linguists, scholars, artists, and industry practitioners.

- OpenAI, the San Francisco-based artificial intelligence firm, has launched IndQA, a new benchmark to test how well AI models understand and reason in Indian languages and cultural contexts.
- Simultaneously, OpenAI is **exploring data centre infrastructure** in India to support the growing local AI ecosystem.

What is IndQA?

Feature	Details
Full Form	Indian Question Answering Benchmark
Purpose	To evaluate AI models' performance in understanding, reasoning, and responding accurately in Indian languages and contexts.
Significance	OpenAl's first region-specific benchmark , reflecting a move to develop localized Al evaluation tools globally.

Why India?

- India = 2nd-largest market for ChatGPT (≈ 8 million weekly users).
- ~1 billion people do not use English as their primary language.
- Linguistic diversity + cultural richness make India an ideal testbed for AI training.
- CTO Srinivas Narayan stated:

"India's market size, diversity, and cultural complexity make it a natural choice to develop multilingual AI."

IndQA Benchmark – Structure & Design

Parameter	Details
Languages Covered (11)	Hindi, Hinglish, Gujarati, Punjabi, Kannada, Odia, Marathi, Malayalam, Tamil, Bengali, Telugu
Cultural Domains (10)	Law & Ethics, Architecture & Design, Food & Cuisine, Everyday Life, Religion & Spirituality, Sports & Recreation, Literature & Linguistics, Media & Entertainment, Arts & Culture, History
Question Count	2,278 total questions
Evaluation Method	Rubric-based model grading: Al responses are scored based on expert-defined criteria for relevance, clarity, and accuracy.
Collaborators	261 domain experts — linguists, journalists, scholars, artists, and practitioners.

Aspect

Al Localization

Cultural Sensitivity

Research Use

Digital Inclusion

Impact

Boosts AI model accuracy for Indian languages and dialects.

Helps AI understand India's social, ethical, and religious contexts.

Enables training of regionally optimized LLMs (Large Language Models).

Strengthens Digital India's multilingual access goals.

For OpenAl

Expands its footprint in a top Al growth market.

Tests cultural adaptability of LLMs.

Builds trust with policymakers amid global data laws.

For India

Strengthens AI research & linguistic data generation.

Encourages local talent and startups in AI localization.

Supports **Digital India**, **AI Mission 2047**, and **Bhashini** (National Language AI Mission).

Gopichand Hinduja, architect of a global empire, passes away

GEORGE MATHEW New Delhi, November 4

HINDUJA GROUP CHAIRMAN

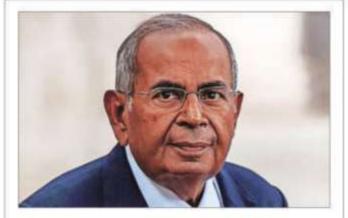
Gopichand P Hinduja, the second of the four Hinduja brothers who built one of India's largest business empires, passed away at the age of 85 at a London hospital on Tuesday.

Fondly known as 'GP'in business circles, he took over as the Chairman of the Hinduja Group and Hinduja Automotive, UK after the demise of elder brother Srichand Hinduja in May 2023.

Born in 1940, GP Hinduja joined the family business in Mumbai in 1959. He was one of the architects of the transformation of the group from an Indo-Middle East trading operation into a multi-billion-dollar transnational conglomerate. His younger brother Prakash Hinduja is Chairman of Hinduja Group (Europe) and theyoungest brother Ashok Hinduja is the Chairman of Hinduja Group of companies in India.

According to the Sunday Times Rich List, Gopichand Hinduja 'and family' is the richest person in the UK with a networth of £35,3 billion.

GPHinduja's business philosophy could be summed up in two words — common sense. One of his defining moves came with the group's acquisition of Gulf Oil



GOPICHAND P HINDUJA

1940-2025

in 1984, followed by the bold purchase of a then-struggling Ashok Leyland in 1987 — marking one of the earliest and most significant NRI investments in India. That acquisition went on to become one of the most remarkable turnaround stories in Indian corporate history.

He was also the driving force behind the group's expansion into the power and infrastructure sectors, leading its vision to build multi-gigawatt energy capacity across India. Under his leadership, the group strengthened its financial footprint through IndusInd Bank and more recently, the acquisition of Reliance General Insurance Company. He graduated from Bombay's Jai Hind College in 1959. He held an Honorary Doctorate of Lawfrom the University of Westminster and Honorary Doctorate of Economics from Richmond College, London.

The Hinduja Group has become one of the largest diversified groups in the world, spanning all the continents. The group employs over 250,000 people and has offices in many key cities of the world and all the major cities in India. Andhra Pradesh had signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with Hinduja Group for a cumulative investment of ₹20,000 crore on Monday.

Hinduja brothers also courted controversies as the Hinduja name allegedly cropped up in the Bofors scandal. In 1987, Swedish newspaper Dagens Nyheter, quoting highly placed company sources in an original report, alleged that the Hindujas were recipients of the "commission" paid by Bofors in connection with winning the Bofors-India Howitzer contract in 1986. However, the Hindujas persistently denied their involvement in the Bofors scandal, with one of the brothers claiming in an interview that "there is a clear-cut conspiracy to malign the name of the family."

The once-closely knit Hinduja family also witnessed a rift in the recent past. The cause for the rift happened in 2014, when the four brothers signed a letter that assets held by one brother belonged to all. The three younger brothers allegedly tried to use the 2014 letter to take control of Hinduja Bank in Switzerland, which was in SP's sole name, resulting in the legal battle between SP's daughters and the three brothers.

The cracks in the family widened as the children of the four brothers started moving up the ladder and holding key positions in family businesses. GP Hinduja's son Sanjay Hinduja is the Chairman of Gulf Oil.

- Gopichand P. Hinduja (GP Hinduja), Chairman of the Hinduja Group, passed away in London at the age of 85.
- He was the **second of four Hinduja brothers** who built one of India's largest transnational business empires.
- GP Hinduja succeeded his elder brother Srichand Hinduja as Chairman in May 2023.

Early Life & Career

Year / Phase	Details
Born	1940, Mumbai (then Bombay)
Education	Graduated from Jai Hind College, Mumbai; Honorary Doctorate of Law (University of Westminster, UK); Doctorate of Economics (Richmond College, London)
Joined Family Business	1959 – Began with Indo-Middle East trading operations
Transformation	Shifted focus from trading to diversified industrial conglomerate with interests in automotive, finance, infrastructure, energy, and media

Milestone	Details
Diversification Drive	Expanded from Indo-Middle East trade to global multi- sector business
Key Acquisitions	- Ashok Leyland (1987) — turning it into a leading Indian automotive manufacturer - IndusInd Bank — spearheaded its creation and growth - Reliance General Insurance (stake acquisition)
Global Footprint	Operations in 38+ countries, with over 250,000 employees
Leadership Vision	Focused on "common sense capitalism" — long-term, value-driven, and diversified expansion

- According to The Sunday Times Rich List (2025) —
 GP Hinduja was the richest person in the UK, with an estimated net worth of £35.3 billion (~₹3.7 lakh crore).
- Under his leadership, the Hinduja Group became a **multi-gigawatt energy conglomerate**, with significant investments in power, auto, finance, and media.

Philosophy & Management Style

Principle	Explanation
Common Sense Capitalism	Pragmatic decision-making, balancing profit with ethics.
"Family and Faith" Model	Rooted in trust, cultural values, and unity among brothers.
Strategic Globalization	Used London as base, but kept deep ties with India and emerging markets.
Long-term Vision	Avoided speculative risks; focused on real economy sectors.

Controversies & Challenges

Bofors Scandal (1987):

- Dagens Nyheter (Sweden) alleged that the Hinduja brothers received commissions in the Bofors-Howitzer deal.
- The Hindujas **denied involvement**, terming it a conspiracy to malign the family.

Family Rift:

- After 2014, a legal dispute emerged among the brothers over control of assets and family trusts.
- The disagreement centered around whether "assets owned by one brother belong to all."
- The case was later settled, with **S.P. Hinduja's branch** retaining control of Swiss holdings.

VISITING FOREIGN MINISTER SAYS WON'T COMPROMISE ON HAMAS

Israel calls for long-term strategic ties with India

SHUBHAJITROY New Delhi, November 4

AS DELHI REAFFIRMED its support for the Gaza peace plan while underlining that "our two nations face a particular challenge from terrorism", visiting Israeli Foreign Minister Gideon Sa'ar held talks with External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar Tuesday and said Israel and India are "building a long-term strategic partnership".

Jaishankar responded saying, "India and Israel have a strategic partnership and, particularly in our case, that term has a real meaning."

Besides counter-terrorism and security cooperation, the two ministers discussed enhanced cooperation in cybersecurity and semiconductors, participation of Indian companies in rail, road and port infrastructure in Israel, renewable energy and health, Israeli innovation in agriculture in India. and more Indian skilled workers

Sa'ar, who recalled that Prime Minister Narendra Modiwas the first world leader to call Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu after the October 7, 2023 attack by Hamas, said the "eradication of the Hamas terror state is at the heart of (US) President (Donald) Trump's Plan" and "we won't compromise on it".

laishankar said, "We have stood together in testing times... Our two nations face a particular challenge from terrorism. It is essential that we work towards ensuring a global approach of zero-tolerance towards terrorism, in all its forms and manifestations.

"We have naturally been following developments in your region with very close attention. We welcome the return of the hostages and the remains of those who unfortunately lost



External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar (right) with his Israeli counterpart Gideon Sa'ar during a meeting in New Delhi on Tuesday

it paves the way for a durable and lasting solution, he said.

Recalling the Hamas attack in which 1,200 people were killed and around 250 taken hostage two years ago, Sa'ar said, "We appreciate Prime Minister Modi's strong solidarity. We remember that he was the first world leader to call Prime Minister Netanyahu after Hamas' October 7th massacre. We won't forget it.

"Radical terror is a mutual threat to Israel and India. We strongly condemn the horrific terror attack in Pahalgam," he said, making common cause on the shared concern.

"In the Middle East, Israel faces a unique phenomenon: 'terror states'. The radical terror states of Hamas in Gaza, Hezbollah in Lebanon and the Houthis in Yemen have established themselves over the past decades. Uprooting them is necessary for the security and stability of our region," he said.

"The eradication of the their lives. India supports the Hamasterror state is at the heart have stood together in testing Gaza Peace Plan and hopes that of President Trump's Plan. times. And we have created a

Hamas must be disarmed. Gaza must be demilitarised. We won't compromise on it," Sa'ar said,

He met National Security Advisor Ajit Doval and, in a post on X, said, "Honoured to meet the National Security Advisor of India, Ajit Doval, in New Delhi. We discussed ways to cooperate and confront our common challenges, especially the mutual threat of terror. We're building a long-term strategic partnership between Israel and

In his talks with laishankar. he said, "I believe that India is the future. I told you that. India is the world's largest democracy and fastest growing economy. India is a global superpower. And Israel is a regional powerhouse. Our nations already share a warm friendship. Our goal is to build a long-term strategic partnership between Israel and India."

laishankar said, "India and Israel have a strategic partnership and particularly in our case, that term has a real meaning. We

relationship with a high degree of trust and of reliability."

In recent times, he said, "India has developed many new capabilities, especially in rail, road and port infrastructure, in tenewable energy and in health. Our businesses are very keen to explore opportunities in Israel and we would certainly like to give that more attention.

"We also have a very strong record of working together in agriculture and in innovation. Taking that forward is very much in our mutual interest,"he said.

"There is a history of cooperation in semiconductors and in cyber. That has become more relevant now. We are hosting the AI Impact Summit next year in February in India and look forward very much to Israel's presence,"he said.

Indian workers, Jaishankar said, are also present in Israel in growing numbers as a result of mobility understandings. "They have some issues which need attention and I hopewe can take that dimension of our ties for-

- Economic & Technological Cooperation
- India and Israel aim to expand collaboration in:
 - Cybersecurity & Semiconductors
 - Renewable Energy & Health Innovation
 - Infrastructure Development (rail, roads, ports)
 - Agricultural Technology
- Israeli companies are interested in participating in Indian infrastructure and industrial projects.

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- **C. People-to-People & Workforce Links**
- Discussions included **Indian skilled workers in Israel**, especially in construction and care services.
- Both sides emphasized developing a system ensuring worker welfare and legal security.

Year	Milestone
1950	India recognized the State of Israel.
1992	Full diplomatic relations established.
2017	PM Narendra Modi became first Indian PM to visit Israel .
2023	India expressed solidarity after Hamas's attack on Israel.
2025	Both nations reaffirmed strategic cooperation amid Middle East tensions.

Sector

Semiconductors

Cybersecurity

Agriculture

Renewables

Health & Biotech

Opportunity / Focus Area

Israel's chip-making expertise aligns with India's "Make in India" semiconductor push.

Joint R&D in critical infrastructure protection.

Expansion of "Centers of Excellence" in drip irrigation, precision farming.

Solar and water recycling projects in Rajasthan, Gujarat.

Israel's MedTech startups to partner with Indian healthcare ecosystem.

UN: Global emissions at new peak, India logs steepest rise

Vishwa.Mohan @timesofindia.com

New Delhi: The global greenhouse gas (GHG) emission increased by 2.3% in 2024, compared to the previous year, to reach a record high of 57.7 gigatons of CO2 equivalent, with India reporting the highest absolute increase in emissions followed by China, Russia, Indonesia and the US, showed a UN report released on Tuesday. It warned the world is "heading for a serious escalation of climate risks and damages". The global average temperature is projected to rise 2.3-2.5 degrees Celsius by the end of the century above pre-industrial levels (1850-1900) even if climate actions are fully implemented under the new mitigation goals of countries amid rising carbon emissions. It means the new climate pledges are completely off target and fall short on the warming limit goal.

The absolute increase in emissions excludes the emission caused by change in land use and forest cover due uncertainties in estimates of net emission from such factors. It primarily calculates emissions of fossil CO₁, methane, nitrous oxide and fluorinated

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The report noted that among the big emitters, the European Union was the only one to decrease emissions in 2024

gases. Currently, the six largest emitters in terms of total GHG emissions are China, the US, India, EU, Russia and Indonesia. The report noted that among the big emitters, the European Union was the only one to decrease emissions in 2024.

"The 2.3% increase in total GHG emissions (globally in 2024) from 2023 levels is high compared with the 2022–2023 increase of 1.6%. It is more than four times higher than the annual average growth rate in the 2010s (0.6% per year), and comparable to the emissions

growth in the 2000s (on average 2.2% per year)," said the report.

In terms of growth rate, Indonesia showed the highest increase (4.6%) followed by India (3.6%). Emissions growth in China (0.5% in 2024) was lower than the previous year:

The report underlined that the contributions by current, per capita and historic emissions differ across the high emitters and world regions. Per capita GHG emissions are above the world average of 6.4 tons of CO2 equivalent (tCO2e) in the US. Russia. China and the EU, and remain significantly belowit in Indonesia and India. Flagging how the growing emission and the countries' low mitigation targets put the Paris Agreement threshold of 1.5 degrees Celsius of warming at risk in the short-term (within the next decade), the report - UNEP Emissions Gap Report 2025 - noted that the rise will go up to 2.8 degrees Celsius in the business-as-usual scenario under the ongoing policies.

Though the current projected rise of 2.3-2.5 degrees Celsius is an improvement over the previous year's projection of 2.6-2.8 degrees Celsius rise, the report noted that the updated pledges are not adequate to get the desired result of keeping the global warming either within 1.5 degrees Celsius or 2 degrees Celsius. Since the adoption of the Paris Agreement 10 years ago, temperature rise predictions have, however, fallen from 3-3.5 degrees Celsius — a clear sign that the world can keep it further down with more ambitious emission reduction targets.

The report said reductions to annual emissions of 35% and 55%, compared with 2019 levels, are needed by 2035 to align with the Paris Agreement 2 degrees Celsius and 1.5 degrees Celsius pathways, respectively. "While national climate plans have delivered some progress, it is nowhere near fast enough, which is why we still need unprecedented emissions cuts in an increasingly tight window, with an increasingly challenging geopolitical backdrop," said UNEP executive director Inger Andersen. The report comes as a warning signal to govts ahead of the United Nations climate conference (COP30), scheduled to be held in Belem, Brazil, from Nov 10-

- A UNEP (United Nations Environment Programme) report released on November 5, 2025, revealed that global greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reached a record 57.7 gigatonnes (Gt) of CO2 equivalent in 2024, up 2.3% from 2023.
- The report warns the world is "heading for a serious escalation of climate risks and damages", with the planet on track for 2.3–2.5°C warming by 2100.

Key Findings

Indicator	2024 Data / Trend
Total Global Emissions	57.7 Gt CO₂e (up 2.3%)
Highest Emitters	China, India, US, Russia, Indonesia, EU
Biggest Increase	India 🚅 (+6.8%) and Indonesia 🚾 (+4.6%)
China's Growth	Slowed to +0.5% (lowest since pandemic)
EU's Trend	Only major emitter to reduce emissions
Global Warming Projection	2.3°C-2.5°C by 2100
Paris Agreement Target	Below 2°C; ideally 1.5°C

India's Emission Profile

- India recorded the highest absolute rise in emissions among major economies in 2024.
- Growth driven by:
 - Industrial production rebound
 - Expanding power and manufacturing sectors
 - Fossil fuel-based electricity generation (especially coal)
- Despite growth, India's per capita emissions remain below global average (6.4 tonnes CO₂e).

Global Context

- The top 6 emitters China, India, US, Russia, Indonesia, EU account for over 70% of global emissions.
- EU was the only region to record a decline in 2024 emissions.
- The UNEP Emissions Gap Report 2025 indicates that if current policies persist, global temperature could rise up to 2.8°C.
- The Paris Agreement's 1.5°C goal remains unattainable without drastic new cuts before 2030.

Parameter

Global Per Capita Emissions

India's Per Capita

Major Sectors Driving Growth

GHG Composition

Detail

6.4 tonnes CO₂e

~2 tonnes CO₂e

Power generation, industry, agriculture, and transport

CO₂ (fossil fuel), CH₄ (methane from agriculture, energy), N₂O, F-gases

- Progress & Shortfall
- Global emissions have increased four times faster than the 2010s average.
- Post-pandemic recovery boosted energy demand, offsetting renewable gains.
- Updated national climate pledges (NDCs) still fall short of the Paris pathway.
- Temperature rise projections:
 - 2015 (Paris baseline): 3.5°C
 - 2025: 2.8°C (current path)
 - Target: ≤1.5°C

Rank	Country	Change (%)	Remarks
1	CN China	+0.5	Slowed growth; plateauing emissions
2	IN India	+6.8	Steepest rise globally
3	us USA	+2.8	Industrial rebound
4	RU Russia	+2.3	Post-war industrial stabilization
5	ID Indonesia	+4.6	Rapid industrial expansion
6	EU European Union	-1.2	Only major bloc to cut emissions

NPCI Expands UPI Payments to Malaysia through Razorpay Partnership

- In a major step toward globalising India's digital payments ecosystem, ""NPCI International Payments Limited (NIPL)" has partnered with ""Razorpay Curlec" to enable ""UPI transactions in Malaysia".
- The integration allows Indian travellers to make instant, secure payments to Malaysian merchants using their preferred UPI-enabled apps.
- Seamless Cross-Border Digital Payments Announced during the ""Global Fintech Fest 2025"", the partnership connects Malaysia's payment infrastructure with India's Unified Payments Interface (UPI).
- It will allow local merchants on Razorpay Curlec's network to accept payments from visiting Indians directly in Malaysian ringgit. The move provides travellers with a frictionless payment experience while ensuring local settlement and compliance for businesses.

Saudi Arabia Launches Second Global Harmony Initiative with 'India Week'

Saudi Arabia has inaugurated the second edition of its ""Global Harmony initiative"", beginning with "India Week" as part of the ongoing Riyadh Season.

Spearheaded by the Ministry of Media, the programme celebrates the contributions and cultural heritage of the Kingdom's diverse expatriate communities, reinforcing values of inclusivity and cross-cultural understanding under Saudi Vision 2030.

India's Maiden Private Rocket Launch

- India's first-ever private commercial satellite launch will be conducted by Hyderabad-based Skyroot Aerospace in January 2026.
- This launch will make Skyroot the only Indian entity besides Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) to successfully launch a rocket carrying satellites into space.
- Skyroot Aerospace became India's first private company to launch a rocket with the Vikram-S suborbital mission in November 2022, marking a turning point in India's space privatisation efforts.

- India's private space sector has 200+ startups and is projected to reach \$44 billion by 2033.
- Skyroot's positioning to meet global small satellite launch demand marks a **significant step toward affordable access** and a new phase in India's commercial space sector.

Patriot Air Defense System

- Ukraine has received additional Patriot air defence systems from Western allies, particularly Germany, to counter intensifying Russian missile and drone attacks.
- Patriot Air Defense System About:
- PATRIOT stands for Phased Array Tracking Radar for Intercept on Target, developed by Raytheon Technologies.
- The Patriot system, manufactured in the U.S., is among the most advanced anti-missile platforms globally, with Germany as its largest supplier to Ukraine. It's a mobile surface-to-air missile system in service since the 1980s and used for intercepting aircraft, ballistic missiles, and cruise missiles.

Technical Capabilities: It can detect targets over **150 km away** and reach heights of **20 km**, offering **defense coverage of 15–20 km** against incoming missiles.

Global Operators: It is used by 16 nations, including Germany, Japan, Israel, South Korea, Saudi Arabia, and Poland.

The Patriot system

Patriot is a backronym for

Phased Array Tracking Radar to Intercept of Target

Offers protection against

Aircraft

Cruise missile

Larger drone

Short-range ballistic missiles

Does not offer protection against low-flying or small drones which fly closer to the ground



In numbers



The Patriot Advanced Capability launches the PAC-3 and older PAC-2 interceptor missile and variants



Range in kilometers of the PAC-3 missile



The system's detection radar tracks over 50 potential targets simultaneously over a 100km range



Number of Patriot systems which the US pulled out of Bahrain, Kuwait and Jordan in 2018



Air Defence Systems Around the World

Country	Air Defence Systems	
India	Akash System, Prithvi Air Defence (PAD), QRSAM (Quick Reaction SAM).	
USA	Golden Dome Missile Defense System (proposed), Patriot, THAAD (Terminal High Altitude Area Defense), NASAMS (National Advanced Surface-to- Air Missile System), Avenger System.	
Russia	S-400 "Triumf", S-500 "Prometey", Buk and Tor Systems.	
China	HQ-9, HQ-16, HQ-22, HQ-19	
Israel	Iron Dome, David's Sling, Arrow 2 and Arrow 3.	

International Day for Biosphere Reserves

- The International Day for Biosphere Reserves was observed on 3rd November.
- Biosphere Reserves
- **Biosphere reserves** are areas identified by national governments for conserving biodiversity and promoting sustainable development.
 - It includes terrestrial, marine and coastal ecosystems.
- They are nominated by **national governments and remain under the sovereign jurisdiction** of the states where they are located.

Functions of Biosphere Reserves





Core areas (3)

They comprise a strictly protected zone that contributes to the conservation of landscapes, ecosystems, species and genetic variation

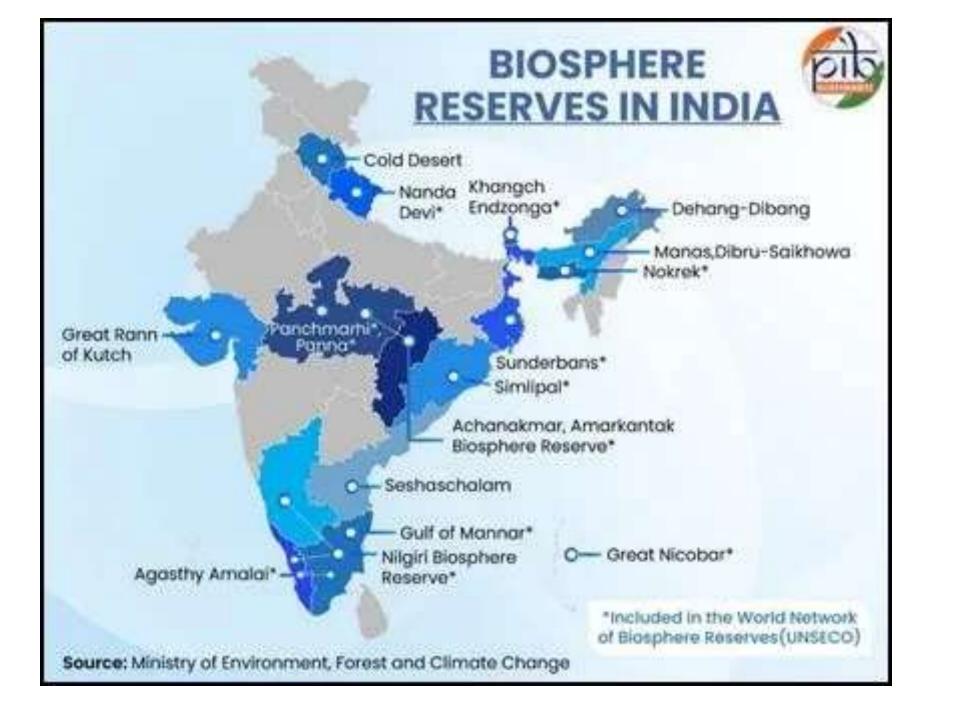
Buffer zones (2)

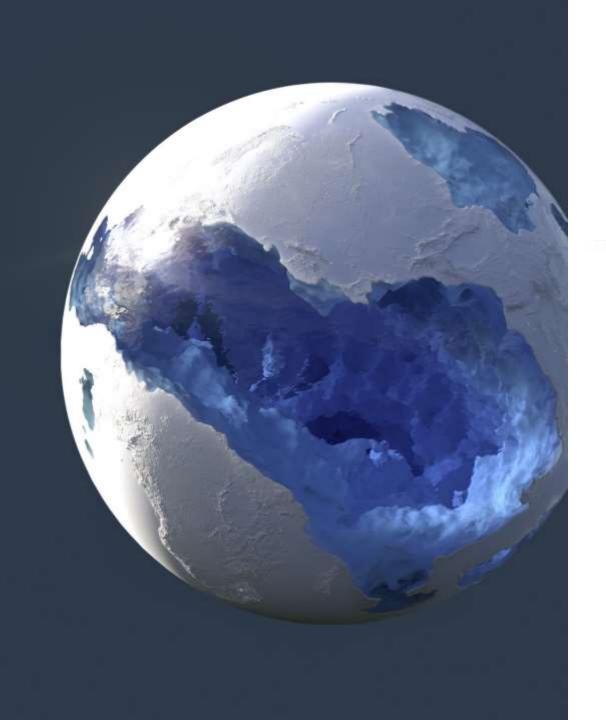
They surround or adjoin the core area(s), and are used for activities compatible with sound ecological practices that can reinforce scientific research, monitoring, training and education.

Transition area (1)

The transition area is where communities foster socio-culturally and ecologically sustainable economic and human activities.

Source: UNESCO





- World Network of Biosphere Reserves (WNBR)
- The UNESCO World Network of Biosphere Reserves (WNBR) was formed in **1971.**
- It covers internationally designated protected areas, known as biosphere reserves, which are meant to demonstrate a balanced relationship between people and nature.
- They are created under the Man and the Biosphere Programme (MAB)

Word of the day

Augur:

indicate, as with a sign or an omen; predict from an omen

Synonyms: bode, forecast, foreshadow, foretell, portend, predict, prefigure

Usage: The end of the war seemed to augur well.

Pronunciation: newsth.live/augurpro

International Phonetic Alphabet: /ˈɔː.gə/

