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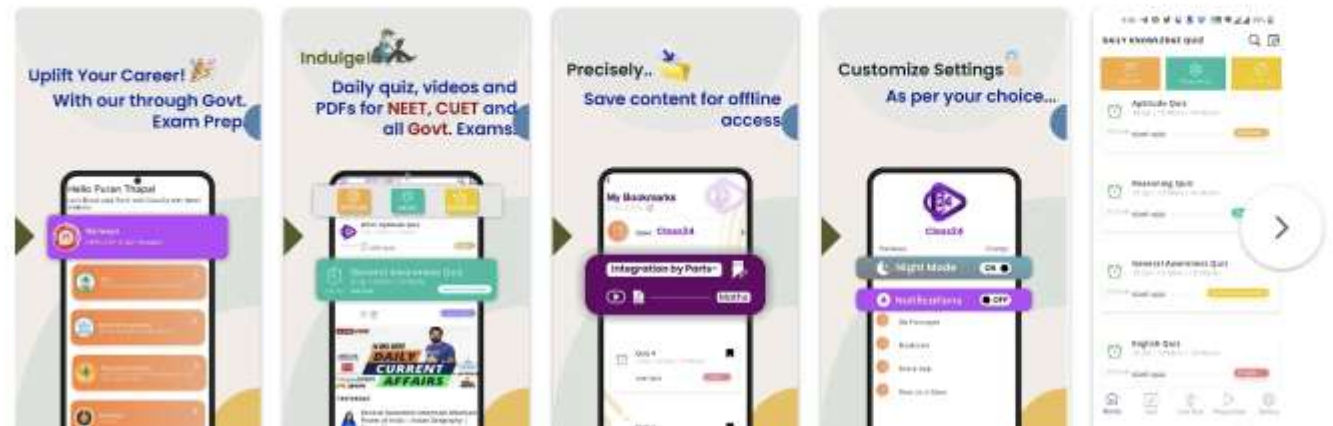
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Army chief unveils transformation vision

INSIDE



World Bank scraps climate finance targets

NEW DELHI Following disapproval from the U.S. administration, the World Bank Group has indicated that it would do away with its funding target for climate-centric projects.

U.S., Iran enter technical talks for peace deal

DOHA, QATAR The U.S. and Iran held technical talks in Doha on Wednesday as they seek to agree on the flow of shipping through the Strait of Hormuz and secure a lasting ceasefire.

WhatsApp asked to put username feature on hold

NEW DELHI WhatsApp's new username feature is drawing skepticism from the Union government, with a senior official saying on Wednesday that it was worried about the potential for spam and impersonation.

Congress sends unity signal on SP chief's birthday

NEW DELHI The Congress leadership on Wednesday used the occasion of Sampriti Party chief Abhishek Yadav's birthday to send a message of opposition unity ahead of the crucial Assembly election in Uttar Pradesh next year.

The Hindu Bureau

The Centre has fixed a floor wage of ₹300 per day under the Yashwantrao Chavan Guarantee for Roggar and Aajeevika Mission (Gramin) (VB-G RAM G) Act, 2025, which came into effect on Tuesday replacing the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), 2005.

Commercial LPG prices reduced by ₹183 per refill

The first price cut this year follows a hike of ₹1,345 in four tranches no respite for domestic users. ATF prices reduced by ₹5 per litre; Nayara Energy cuts petrol price by ₹5 and diesel by ₹3 per litre

Saptarshi Ghosh NEW DELHI

It is an indication of an improvement in the supply of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) with the four-month West Asia conflict at a probable end, public sector oil-refining companies (OMCs) on Wednesday cut the prices of commercial LPG cylinders by ₹183.8 and that of the 5-kg free-trade LPG (FTL) cylinders by ₹13.

This was the first reduction in commercial LPG prices in 2025, after the rates were hiked by ₹1,345 a refill in four tranches since March 7 and comes a week after the government lifted supply restrictions on commercial LPG.

Monsoon alert



Thunderstorm: Dense clouds hover over Mandla river and the Beas river in Himachal Pradesh on Wednesday amid an orange alert issued for the next two days.

Price revision table with columns for Month, Price, and Change. Shows a decrease of ₹183.8 for March 2025.

Oil marketing companies cut commercial LPG cylinder rates priced by up to ₹183.8, while domestic LPG prices remained unchanged amid easing supply concerns.

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Relief and demand

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GST revenues up 14% in June amid dependence on imports

T.C.A. Sharad Nishayan NEW DELHI

The government's Goods and Services Tax (GST) revenue grew 13.9% to ₹1,95 lakh crore in June compared with the corresponding period in 2024, the highest year-on-year growth rate in 13 months.

The data shows that GST revenue from domestic transactions grew 6.5% to about ₹1.88 lakh crore in June 2025. This made up 96% of the total GST revenue earned that month.

Revenue from imports, on the other hand, grew nearly 18% in June 2025 to ₹6 lakh crore. This marks the 10th consecutive month in which GST revenues from imports have grown in double digits.

However, another possible reason, as voiced by Trade Tax, partner at Price Waterhouse & Co is that revenues from imports are growing because the prices of imported goods have also increased across many commodities.

According to Saurabh Agarwal, tax partner at EY India, a possible reason could be that India is importing what it should be addressing. However, since you do acknowledge that the system has been steadily improving over the years.

Centre fixes minimum wage of ₹300 per day under VB-G RAM G scheme

government, had also recommended a national minimum wage floor of ₹370 per day in 2019," he said. Mr. Ramesh noted that the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Rural Development, chaired by Congress MP Suresh Kumar, had also consistently recommended higher wages for MGNREGS workers.

Given the "widespread minimum wage protests in which workers are demanding and at a time when the stagnation of rural wages is being recognised as a key constraint on our economic growth," the notification was both a "push to Indian workers and an unwelcome economic policy," he said.

Consistent progress

The 13.9% growth in June 2025 is the highest y-o-y rise in 13 months. The graph shows GST revenue in the last 13-year period.



"I don't think it will happen immediately and I don't see passenger funds coming in soon, but things like aviation turbine fuel and natural gas are low hanging fruit because the revenue implications are not significant," he added.

The other area he said that needed work was resolving the inverted duty structure that has become more of a problem since the GST rates were rationalised in September last year.

Apart from these, Karthik Mani, partner with the tax and regulatory practice of BDO India, pointed out that the "wish list" of industry and taxpayers is clear. This includes, he said, a single pan-India GST registration to end the compliance burden of state-wise registrations for pan-India businesses, and a "government amnesty routine reconciliation matches so that taxpayers are not pulled into litigation over minor, non-frustrating notices.

Small break

Several States which paid less than ₹300 per day under MGNREGA have had their wage rates jacked up. Andhra Pradesh, 2024 Lok Sabha campaign for a national daily minimum wage of ₹400 for all workers in India.

The Expert Committee headed by Dr. Anoop Sarpathy, set up by the Modi

Commercial LPG prices reduced by ₹183 per refill

The first price cut this year follows a hike of ₹1,345 in four tranches; no respite for domestic users; ATF prices reduced by ₹5 per litre; Nayara Energy cuts petrol price by ₹5 and diesel by ₹3 per litre

Saptaparno Ghosh
NEW DELHI

In an indication of an improvement in the supply of liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) with the four-month West Asia conflict at a probable end, public sector oil-marketing companies (OMCs) on Wednesday cut the prices of commercial LPG cylinders by ₹183.5 and that of the 5-kg free-trade LPG (FTL) cylinders by ₹13.

This was the first reduction in commercial LPG price in 2026 after the rates were hiked by ₹1,345 a refill in four tranches since March 7 and comes a week after the government lifted supply restrictions on commercial LPG.

However, there was no immediate relief for households as the price of domestic LPG, which was increased in two tranches by almost ₹90, remains unchanged.

The OMCs also cut the price of aviation turbine fuel for domestic carriers by ₹5 a litre.

Separately, the privately

Price revision

Oil marketing companies cut commercial LPG cylinder refill prices by up to ₹183, while domestic LPG prices remained unchanged amid easing supply concerns

Month	Delhi	Chennai
March 7, 2026	₹1,883	₹2,043.5
April 1, 2026	₹2,078.5	₹2,246.5
June 1, 2026	₹3,113.5	₹3,283
July 1, 2026	₹2,930	₹3,106

The cut follows four tranches of hikes since March 7 that had raised commercial LPG prices by a cumulative ₹1,345 per 19-kg cylinder refill



owned OMC Nayara Energy, which operates more than 7,000 pumps across the country, reduced the price of petrol and diesel by ₹5 and ₹3 per litre, respectively. It had hiked fuel prices by the same amount at the peak of the conflict on March 26.

Reduced prices

After Wednesday's revision, the price of a 19-kg LPG cylinder in Delhi, which serves as a benchmark for prices in the country, was down by ₹183.5 to ₹2,930; in Mum-

bai it was ₹2,885.5 (down ₹182), in Kolkata ₹3081.5 (down ₹174), and in Chennai ₹3,106 (down ₹177).

The 'Chhotu' FTL cylinder refills, primarily catering to migrant workers, are now available at ₹808.5 in Delhi.

Usually, non-domestic or commercial LPG accounts for about 13% of overall LPG sales by public sector OMCs.

According to the latest provisional data of the Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell for June 2026, the overall consumption of

LPG, domestic and commercial combined, declined 16.7% from the comparable period last year. This coincides with the commercial LPG supply restrictions in place, as well as the higher interim booking timelines for LPG.

Close monitoring

Speaking to *The Hindu*, Prashant Vashisht, senior vice-president and co-group head of corporate sector ratings at ICRA, said the opening of the Strait of Hormuz should help ease supplies of LPG provided there are no more flare-ups. He added that price pressures could alleviate further with the Gulf re-emerging as a procurement avenue.

"[Before the conflict], we were heavily reliant on the Gulf for our LPG requirements. Amid the conflict, increased supplies came from the U.S. and Australia, which are a bit far, and meant longer transit," he said.

RELIEF AND DEMAND

» PAGE 6

Topic	Details
Commercial LPG Price Cut	Reduced by ₹183.5 per 19-kg cylinder across India.
Effective Date	1 July 2026
Domestic LPG	No change in domestic (14.2 kg) LPG cylinder prices.
5-kg Free Trade LPG (FTL)	Price reduced by ₹13 per cylinder .
ATF (Aviation Turbine Fuel)	Reduced by ₹5 per litre .
Nayara Energy	Petrol reduced by ₹5/litre and diesel by ₹3/litre .

Date	Delhi Price (19 kg)	Change
7 March 2026	₹1,883	Base price
1 April 2026	₹2,078.5	↑
1 June 2026	₹3,113.5	↑
1 July 2026 (before cut)	₹2,930	↓ ₹183.5

City	New Price	Reduction
Delhi	₹2,930	₹183.5
Mumbai	₹2,885.5	₹182
Kolkata	₹3,081.5	₹174
Chennai	₹3,106	₹177

Reason

Previous LPG hikes were much larger

Current cut is small

Food ingredient inflation

Transport costs

Packaging costs

Overall operating expenses

Explanation

Commercial LPG had increased by about **₹1,345 per cylinder** in four revisions since March 2026.

A reduction of **₹183.5** offsets only a fraction of earlier increases.

Prices of rice, pulses, chicken, vegetables and edible oil remain elevated.

Freight and logistics costs increased during the West Asia conflict.

Packaging materials also became costlier.

Rent, wages, electricity and maintenance continue to remain high.

Centre fixes minimum wage of ₹300 per day under VB-G RAM G scheme

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

The Centre has fixed a floor wage of ₹300 per day under the Viksit Bharat-Guarantee for Rozgar and Aajeevika Mission (Gramin) (VB-G RAM G) Act, 2025, which came into effect on Tuesday replacing the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), 2005.

The 21 States and Union Territories which paid less than ₹300 per day under the MGNREGA have had their wage rates increased to this level, while States already paying above ₹300 saw more minimal hikes.

Four major Hindi-belt

States saw significant wage increases – ₹48 in Uttar Pradesh, ₹45 in Bihar, ₹39 in Madhya Pradesh, and ₹19 in Rajasthan – compared with the last MGNREGA rates set in 2025-26. Barring the U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu, where wages remain unchanged from the MGNREGA levels, Telangana recorded the lowest increase of just ₹1, with wages rising 0.33% from ₹307 to ₹308.

Other southern States which were already above the ₹300 level also saw minimal hikes, including Andhra Pradesh (1.6%), Tamil Nadu (2.7%), and Karnataka (3.2%).

Excluding the special rate of ₹450 applicable to certain gram panchayats in Sikkim, Haryana continues to have the highest wage rate at ₹409, but recorded one of the lowest increases of just 2.25%. Haryana (₹409), Goa (₹406) and Kerala (₹401) are the only States with wage rates above ₹400.

'Hike above 15%'

Northern and northeastern States which saw wage hikes above 15% to reach the ₹300 level include Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, Jharkhand, Assam, Tripura, Sikkim, and West Bengal.



Small boost: Several States which paid less than ₹300 per day under MGNREGA have had their wage rates jacked up. ARUN KULKARNI

Congress general secretary Jairam Ramesh criticised the notification, saying the wages remain "unjustifiably low". He reiterated the Congress's demand, made during the

2024 Lok Sabha campaign, for a national daily minimum wage of ₹400 for all workers in India.

"The Expert Committee headed by Dr. Anoop Satpathy, set up by the Modi

government, had also recommended a national minimum wage floor of ₹375 per day in 2019," he said.

Mr. Ramesh noted that the Parliamentary Standing Committee on Rural Development, chaired by Congress MP Saptagiri Ulaka, had also consistently recommended higher wages for MGNREGA workers.

Given the "widespread minimum wage protests in industrial hubs like Noida, and at a time when the stagnation of rural wages is widely recognised as a key constraint on our economic growth", the notification was both a "snub to India's workers and an unwise economic policy," he said.

"A just minimum wage for India's workers would adopt Dr. Satpathy's recommendation and accommodate the increase in prices since then," he added.

Burden on States

Mr. Ulaka said his party had opposed the VB-G RAM G Act "from the streets to Parliament" and would continue to do so. "We appeal to the government that the VB-G RAM G be repealed and a strengthened MGNREGA be brought back," he said at a press conference here. He criticised the shift from the rights-based, demand-driven MGNREGA to what he

described as a supply-driven, government-driven VB-G RAM G.

Mr. Ulaka said a key concern was the new cost-sharing arrangement. Under MGNREGA, the Centre bore almost the entire labour cost, while material costs were shared in a 60:40 ratio. Under VB-G RAM G, however, the combined labour and material expenditure is now subject to the 60:40 ratio, he said. "If additional work needs to be provided beyond this, the financial burden will fall on the State government," he added.

DATA POINT
» PAGE 9

Topic**Details****Scheme**

Viksit Bharat Guarantee for Rozgar and Ajeevika Mission (Gramin) **(VB-G RAM G)**

Replaces

MGNREGA Act, 2005

Effective From

1 July 2026

Minimum (Floor) Wage

₹300 per day

Objective

Establish a nationwide minimum rural wage under the new employment guarantee framework.

Coverage

States paying below ₹300 under MGNREGA were brought up to ₹300.

What Changed?

Earlier

Different MGNREGA wages across States

MGNREGA Act, 2005

Wage below ₹300 in many States

Now (VB-G RAM G)

National minimum floor wage of ₹300/day

VB-G RAM G Act, 2025

Minimum ₹300 everywhere

States Receiving Major Wage Increases

State

Increase

Uttar Pradesh

₹48/day

Bihar

₹45/day

Madhya Pradesh

₹39/day

Rajasthan

₹19/day

State	Increase
Telangana	₹1/day
Andhra Pradesh	1.6%
Tamil Nadu	2.7%
Karnataka	3.2%

States(increase of 15%)

Arunachal Pradesh

Nagaland

Himachal Pradesh

Uttarakhand

Jharkhand

Assam

Tripura

Sikkim

West Bengal

• HIKE IN WAGES: TOP 10 STATES

State/UT	MGNREGA wages			VB GRAM G wages (Rs/day)	Increase (in %)#
	2024-25	2025-26	Increase (in %)		
Arunachal Pradesh	234	241	2.99	300	24.48
Nagaland	234	241	2.99	300	24.48
Himachal Pradesh*	236	247	4.66	300	21.46
Uttar Pradesh	237	252	6.33	300	19.05
Uttarakhand	237	252	6.33	300	19.05
Bihar	245	255	4.08	300	17.65
Jharkhand	245	255	4.08	300	17.65
Assam	249	256	2.81	300	17.19
Tripura	242	256	5.79	300	17.19
Sikkim	249	259	4.02	300	15.83

*(Non-scheduled areas) # for FY 27 in VB GRAM G wages; Source: notifications for respective years

Highest Daily Wage after Revision

State	Daily Wage
Haryana	₹409
Goa	₹406
Kerala	₹401

Special Case: Some Gram Panchayats in **Sikkim** continue to receive ₹450/day.

States/UTs with No Change

State / UT	Reason
Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	Already at the revised level; wages remained unchanged.

Criticism Raised

Issue	Details
Wage too low	Opposition leaders argued ₹300/day is insufficient considering inflation.
Previous demand	Congress reiterated its demand for ₹400/day as a national minimum wage.
Expert recommendation	Expert Committee headed by Dr. Anoop Satpathy had recommended ₹375/day as the national minimum wage floor in 2019.
Parliamentary Committee	The Parliamentary Standing Committee on Rural Development had also recommended higher wages for rural workers.

Major Concern over Cost Sharing

MGNREGA

Centre bore almost all labour cost; material shared **60:40**

VB-G RAM G

Combined labour + material expenditure to follow **60:40 Centre-State sharing**, increasing the financial burden on States for additional works.

Question**Answer**

New rural employment scheme

VB-G RAM G

Replaced scheme

MGNREGA

Effective date

1 July 2026

National minimum wage

₹300/day

Expert Committee recommendation (2019)

₹375/day

Congress demand

₹400/day

Highest revised State wage

Haryana – ₹409/day

Highest special wage

₹450/day in selected Gram Panchayats of Sikkim

Overburdening the States

The data for the charts were sourced from the Ministry of Rural Department's reports available online, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation, Reserve Bank of India, Union Budget, and the VB-G RAM G Act



Table 1: This shows the key changes in the funding pattern between the two schemes (Centre:State)

Category	MGNREGA	VB-G RAM G
Labour wages	100% by Centre	60:40 ratio
Material costs	75:25 ratio	60:40 ratio
Administrative expenses	75:25 ratio	60:40 ratio
Number of guaranteed workdays	100	125
Exceptions for any States or Union Territories	None	90:10 ratio in total expenditure for NE States, Himachal Pradesh, Uttarakhand, and Jammu and Kashmir. Full expenditure to be borne by the Centre for UTs without legislatures

Table 2: This shows the rough estimates for 2026-27 under VB-G RAM G and the increase in the expenditure of States

Category	2024-25	2026-27 (projections)	Calculation method
Wages	₹73,335.05 cr	₹1,05,769.18 cr	25% increase in PDG for each State multiplied by new wage rates
Person days generated (PDG)	268.2 cr	335.25 cr	25% increase assumed (100 to 125 days)
Materials	₹25,985.44 cr	₹27,884.24 cr	Adjusted for inflation as per CPI for 2025-26 and 2026-27 (projected)
Admin	₹4,770.55 cr	₹5,119.14 cr	Adjusted for inflation as per CPI for 2025-26 and 2026-27 (projected)
Total	₹1,04,091.04 cr	₹1,38,772.56 cr	
Centre's contribution	₹96,401.97 cr	₹87,804.25 cr	
Centre's share	92.6 %	63.3%	
States' contribution	₹7,689.07 cr	₹50,968.31 cr	10% for NE States, no cost for UTs without legislatures and 40% for the rest
States' share	7.4%	36.7%	

Chart 1: This shows the top 15 States that will have to spend the highest amount under the new scheme. A few States will experience a six-to-eight fold increase in expenditure

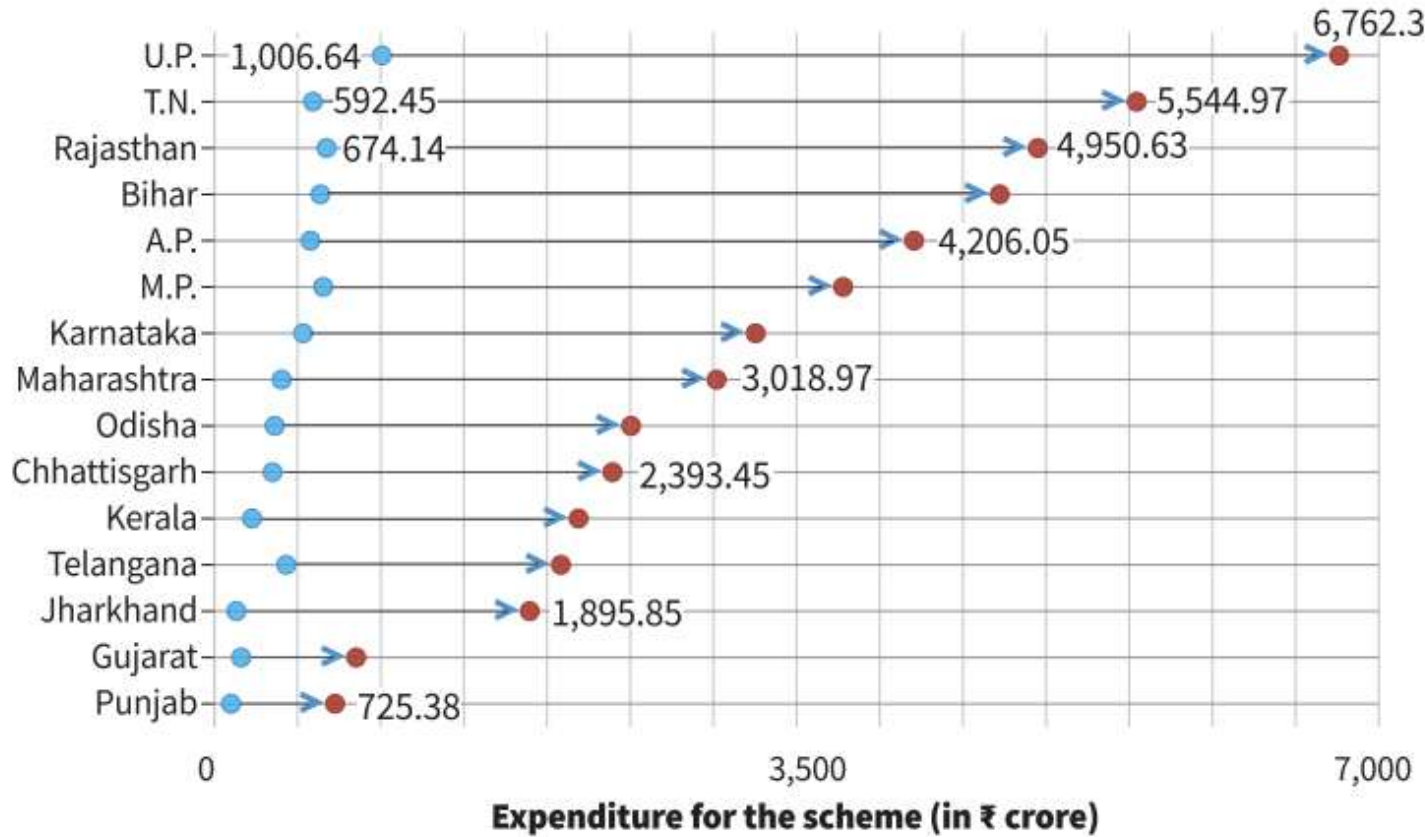
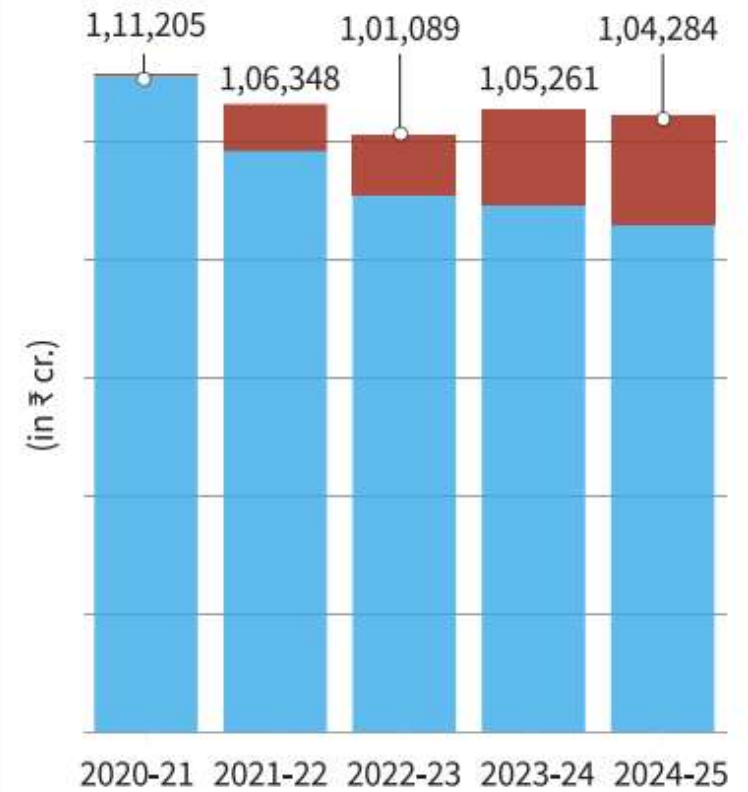


Chart 2: The Centre's allocation has seen a decline. (Values above bars show total expenditure)

Legend: ■ Gov release ■ Pending dues, States' shares





Public figures must accept satirical criticism, says HC

The Delhi High Court on Wednesday told MP Ramesh Chandra that public figures must accept satirical criticism as "a necessary and inevitable aspect of their profession". The court's remark came while hearing Mr. Chandra's plea alleging that a campaign involving malicious content and deepfakes was launched to tarnish his reputation. He sought protection of his personal rights. Justice Subramaniam Prasad held that the majority of the 12 posts challenged by him primarily related to his political decisions and switch in political allegiance. He directed the removal of only six of them.

CBI arrests accused in 'digital arrest' case from Rajkot

The Central Bureau of Investigation (CBI) has arrested an accused from Rajkot in Gujarat in connection with the ongoing investigation into a "digital arrest" cyberfraud case. The accused, Shankar Prasad alias Shikhar Rajgoti, is from Rajkot in Gujarat. The CBI had registered the case earlier instituted by the Cyber Crime unit in Madhya Pradesh's Indore, by sending digital letters to solicit and message victims. The accused had created a senior citizen trust transferring ₹28.08 lakh to two different bank accounts under the threat of digital arrest.

Despite relief, hotels unlikely to reduce food prices soon; owners want LPG at pre-war rates

The Hindu Bureau CHENNAI

Oil-marketing companies slashing the price of a commercial LPG cylinder by around ₹100 on Wednesday is expected to bring some relief to the hotel and restaurant sector. However, this is unlikely to reflect on the food bill of restaurant guests immediately. Restaurateurs The Hindu spoke to welcomed the move but said they wanted the price of commercial LPG cylinders to return to pre-war rates.



The reduction in commercial cylinder price may ease pressure on restaurants, but it is unlikely to reflect on menu cards.

Southah D. Nagasamy, managing director of digital Thalappakatti, said LPG prices have not returned to pre-war levels. "The price of chicken and other ingredients have also increased. Only when these costs come down will the reduction truly benefit the hotel industry. The prices of all products are interconnected with LPG costs," he said. The reduction will

Govt. asks WhatsApp to put username feature on hold

Ministry expresses concern that it may lead to increase in spam and impersonation cases; it seeks detailed explanation within three days; Meta says the update will come with safety measures

The Hindu Bureau NEW DELHI

WhatsApp's new username feature — which will allow users to interact without exposing their phone numbers — is drawing suspicion from the Union government, with a senior official saying on Wednesday that the government is worried about the potential for spam and impersonation. The government has sent a notice to WhatsApp, asking it to put the feature on hold for the time being.



The Centre told the firm "to furnish a detailed explanation on the 'username' feature within three days," and to avoid succeeding and "detailed consultations" were held, the official said. "It is felt that the feature may materially increase the incidence of online fraud, phishing, digital arrest scams and impersonation attacks, by enabling bad actors to solicit and message victims covertly."

It is felt that the feature may materially increase the incidence of online fraud, phishing, digital arrest scams and impersonation attacks, by enabling bad actors to solicit and message victims covertly.

WhatsApp has increasingly come under the Centre's scrutiny. Last year, the department of Telecommunications directed Meta to ensure users cannot access the app without the registered SIM being active on the device and to log out WhatsApp Web users every six hours. While the firm has resisted compromises on its end-to-end encryption for messages, by challenging a part of the order before the Delhi High Court, it has been cooperative in other recent years, such as by moving to comply with the SIM binding directions.

Disabled inmates must be allowed to self-identify: plea

Richhadas Raina on a NEW DELHI

'Government must ensure protection of disabled people from the moment they enter prison'

A Kerala-based activist, whose plea highlighting the traumatic prison days of the late G. Sathaba and Sanjivani led the Supreme Court to form a high-powered committee to free Indian jails from the colonial yoke, suggested bringing in a mechanism to allow disabled prisoners and detainees to self-identify and declare their disabilities.

Standardised and objective assessment must be conducted, preferably by field experts, for individuals who claim to have intellectual disabilities. The submissions recommended that prison records must identify every person individually to make reasonable adjustments for them, while respecting their confidentiality. These steps were recommended under section 300B of the Model Prison and Correctional Services Act, 2021 in

States have an obligation under Section 7 of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act to protect persons with disabilities from violence, abuse or exploitation, the detailed written submissions, prepared by advocates Kalanidharan Raj and Thulasi K. Raj on behalf of activist-petitioner Sathyan Saravanan, said. The submissions were filed before the court-appointed high-powered panel headed by former Supreme Court judge Justice S. Ramdas. He had previously argued that persons with disabilities were particularly vulnerable to exploitation at the hands of prison staff as well as fellow inmates. The government

Standardised and objective assessment must be conducted, preferably by field experts, for individuals who claim to have intellectual disabilities. The submissions recommended that prison records must identify every person individually to make reasonable adjustments for them, while respecting their confidentiality. These steps were recommended under section 300B of the Model Prison and Correctional Services Act, 2021 in

Over 99% of births, deaths registered in 2024: report

Ramya Kannan CHENNAI

India's latest civil registration data, CRS 2024, released on Wednesday, suggest that registration is improving across the country, and that sex ratio at birth is improving in some places, but progress remains uneven across the States and Union Territories.

Lakshadweep (985), and Jharkhand (969).

A sex ratio at birth that is close to the biological norm, or slightly above it, indicates that birth rates are not unduly distorted by sex-selective abortions/terminations. India, with its legacy issue of a son preference has struggled towards achieving a better balance in sex ratio at birth historically. A miscarriage of justice, states recorded above 90% of births and 15 States recording above 90% of deaths. The CRS report shows that the level of birth registration reached 99.1% in 2024 and the level of death registration reached 99.1%.

With that accounting for 92.7% of the total, Haryana and Punjab have recorded the lowest child sex ratios at birth, in the 2011 Census, Haryana recorded 814 girls per 1,000 boys, followed by Uttar Pradesh at 846. The number of still births in 2024 was recorded as 8,117 with a heavy urban tilt, with 69% of still births happening in urban centres.

The civil registration system has continued to expand its coverage, and proving registration will offer a clearer picture of the country's demographic transition.

Expanded coverage Registered births rose from 2.82 crore in 2023 to 2.84 crore in 2024, while registered deaths increased from 86.6 lakh to 89.4 lakh.

The rise in registration does not necessarily mean that either fertility or mortality is rising sharply. It means the system has begun to capture births, deaths, still births and sex ratio at birth more comprehensively.

CROSSWORD 14835 (set by Mythral)
11. He leaves posthaste angry but determined (5,4)
12. Control-sponsored strategy, with judge as accomplice (1,1)
13. What a labor union might wish to do also up to 78,1 (7,1)
14. Eastern representative involved in trial creates a viable option (7)
15. Nationalist leader in shed after mother initially refuses interview search by police (7)
16. After retirement, mostly withdrew — bored by husband, right (7)
17. A young bachelor drawn in by schemes for pleasure seekers (8)
18. Wives in castles (8)
DOWN
1. Huge well-dicting around one made in canvas at first (8)
2. Sea, ocean look heavenly but dead (6)
3. Pate left to testify in vasectomy, possibly (10)
4. Offspring going up heights... (4)
5. (onco) may doctor, please (8)
6. New Year club's popular (8)
7. Tense volunteers supporting royal after missing the last dining event (7)
8. Must be essential to trust in God (8)
9. Pick items abroad with distinct (10)
10. Ruby somewhere in Berkshire? (7)
11. Neatrous celebration after missing another bar appointment (8)
12. Later, quietly moved through in food (5)
13. Reserve plate after skipping of investments at first (8)
14. Utters later about leader (8)
15. Pair like — seems, as her (8)
16. Primarily, tired runners often try in more at a steady pace (4)

FAITH When two avatars meet
In the Ramayana, the episode of Rama meeting Parasurama is a rare one, of one avatar meeting another. The two katus Mahutmyam sheds light on the meeting of Varaha Puramal and Srinivasa on the Trimala Hills, and details the agreement between the two on the correct protocol to be observed by devotees visiting the divya desam, said Dal Palanidurai.
When Parasurama manifested as Lord Krishna, Yasoda carried a huge all her life that she did not get to witness her son's wedding to Radhika. In order to please her, in His avatar as Srinivasa, Vishnu took refuge in an anthill at Trimala, not wanting to come into contact with Varaha. Had the latter seen Him, Varaha would have demanded rest from Srinivasa, who was postulated. The anthill itself was none other than Kanchana and Devaki. Parasurama and Yamudera became the tamarind tree standing guard over the same anthill and providing Him with shade. A divine cow, brought by the local ruler, made an offering of its milk every day enjoying itself over the anthill. When the conch entered this, he was about to throw a garden tool at it, but Srinivasa emerged from His hiding place and intercepted the weapon. His cheek got injured while the cow escaped unharmed. Seeking a cure for His wound, Srinivasa was forced to venture forward and came in direct contact with Varaha. The latter agrees to let Srinivasa reside in the seven hills, provided yard is visited Varaha first and the first offering was made to Him and subsequently to Srinivasa, who had no choice but to agree. His mission was important: to wed Padmavati and with Her by the side, protect and uplift the devotees in Kali Yuga in His archa form.

SUDOKU
4 8 1 9 7 1
9 2 5 9
1 4 2 7 8
1 6 2 3
3 9 4 6 6 1 8
DIPICULTY RATING: ★★★★★
SOLUTION TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE
5 9 6 7 8 3 1 2 4
7 2 1 8 9 4 5 6 3
8 1 9 4 7 1 6 3 2
6 7 3 2 8 1 9 5 4
1 5 2 9 4 8 3 7 6
9 6 8 1 2 3 8 7 4
4 3 6 7 9 2 1 5 8

Govt. asks WhatsApp to put username feature on hold

Ministry expresses concern that it may lead to increase in spam and impersonation cases; it seeks detailed explanation within three days; Meta says the update will come with safety measures

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

WhatsApp's new username feature – which will allow users to interact without exposing their phone numbers – is drawing scepticism from the Union government, with a senior official saying on Wednesday that the government is worried about the potential for spam and impersonation. The government has sent a notice to WhatsApp, asking it to put the feature on hold for the time being.

The Centre told the firm “to furnish a detailed explanation on the ‘usernames’ feature within three days,” and to avoid proceeding until “detailed consultations” were held, the official said.

“It is felt that the feature may materially increase the incidence of online fraud, phishing, digital arrest scams and impersonation attacks, by enabling bad actors to solicit and message victims,” the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology said in the

It is felt that the feature may materially increase the incidence of online fraud, phishing, digital arrest scams and impersonation attacks, by enabling bad actors to solicit and message victims

CENTRE



To help control who can reach you on WhatsApp with your username, we've built an optional username key that others will need to know to message you

META

notice addressed to WhatsApp's chief compliance officer in India, a copy of which *The Hindu* reviewed.

The feature is similar to the ones available on other apps such as Telegram and Signal, where users can chat without sharing their phone numbers. “When someone new walks into your life – a classmate, a neighbour, someone you meet at an event – sharing a phone number can feel like a big step,” Meta, which owns WhatsApp, said in an announcement earlier this week. “That’s because a phone number is personal and it’s tied to so many parts of your life. Some-

times you just want to chat without handing over your digits.”

“The ability to use a username is not yet live and will roll out slowly later this year,” a WhatsApp spokesperson said. “To protect against impersonation, we’ve held the highest-profile names – think public figures, government entities, celebrities, verified Meta accounts – so they can only ever be claimed by their legitimate owners and look-alike derivatives of known names are held as well.” Users can choose whether or not to reply to unknown accounts, and their origin country will be displayed,

the firm added. The feature would come with in-built spam detection features, such as disclosing to message recipients what country a phone number is from, Meta said in its announcement. “To help control who can reach you on WhatsApp with your username, we’ve built an optional username key that others will need to know to message you,” it had said.

WhatsApp has increasingly come under the Centre's scrutiny. Last year, the Department of Telecommunications directed Meta to ensure users cannot access the app without the registered SIM being active on the device and to log out WhatsApp Web users every six hours. While the latter mandate was rolled back, the former remains. While the firm has resisted compromises on its end-to-end encryption for messages – by challenging a part of the IT Rules before the Delhi High Court – Meta has signaled a more cooperative attitude in more recent years, such as by moving to comply with the SIM binding directions.

Topic

Details

Issue

Government has asked WhatsApp to temporarily **pause the rollout of its Username feature.**

Reason

Concerns over **spam, impersonation, phishing, online fraud and digital arrest scams.**

Government Department

Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY)

Action Taken

Notice issued to WhatsApp seeking a **detailed explanation within 3 days.**

Government Request

Do not proceed with rollout until consultations are completed.

What is the WhatsApp Username Feature?

Current System	Proposed Username Feature
Users connect using mobile numbers	Users can connect using a unique username
Phone number must be shared	Phone number can remain private
Similar to traditional messaging	Similar to Telegram and Signal usernames

Why is the Government Concerned?

Concern	Explanation
Spam	Easier for unknown users to contact people.
Impersonation	Fake usernames may imitate celebrities, officials or trusted persons.
Online Fraud	Fraudsters may exploit anonymity.
Phishing	Fake identities may be used to steal sensitive information.
Digital Arrest Scams	Criminals could impersonate law enforcement agencies.

Government's View

The Centre believes the feature may:

- Increase online fraud.
- Encourage phishing attacks.
- Facilitate impersonation.
- Help criminals contact victims more easily.
- Increase cybercrime if implemented without sufficient safeguards.

WhatsApp (Meta)'s Response

Safety Feature	Purpose
Optional username	Users can choose whether to use it.
Username key	Others need to know the username before messaging.
Country information displayed	Helps identify message origin.
Spam detection	Built-in anti-spam protection.
Reserved usernames	Public figures, government entities, celebrities and verified Meta accounts receive protected usernames.
Lookalike protection	Prevents creation of confusingly similar usernames.

Existing Government Oversight of WhatsApp

Issue	Status
SIM binding	Users cannot use WhatsApp without an active registered SIM.
WhatsApp Web login	Mandatory periodic verification introduced (earlier every six hours).
End-to-end encryption	Continues to be debated in courts under the Information Technology Rules.

WhatsApp Username vs Mobile Number

Parameter	Mobile Number	Username
Privacy	Low	Higher
Easy to remember	No	Yes
Exposure of phone number	Yes	No
Risk of impersonation	Lower	Potentially higher if safeguards fail
Similar feature available in	—	Telegram, Signal

Over 99% of births, deaths registered in 2024: report

Ramya Kannan
CHENNAI

India's latest civil registration data, CRS 2024, released on Wednesday, suggest that registration is improving across the country, and that sex ratio at birth is improving in some places, but progress remains uneven across the States and Union Territories.

India's sex ratio at birth is 917 females per 1,000 males, meaning that 917 girls are born for every 1,000 boys.

While there is no surprise in the strong performance of Kerala (970 females per 1000 males) when it comes to sex ratio at birth, other States and Union Territories such as Arunachal Pradesh (1,050), Andaman and Nicobar Islands (984), Meghalaya (974), and Mizoram (972), are also top performers.

The weakest figures are from Nagaland (865),

Lakshadweep (865), and Jharkhand (890).

A sex ratio at birth that is close to the biological norm, or slightly above it, is an indicator that birth rates are not heavily distorted by sex selective abortions/terminations. India, with its legacy issue of a son preference has struggled towards achieving a balance in sex ratio at birth historically. A masculine skew at birth has long dominated headlines in several parts of the country.

Haryana and Punjab have recorded the lowest child sex ratios at birth. In the 2011 Census, Haryana recorded 834 girls per 1,000 boys, followed closely by Punjab at 846. The battle to correct the skew has been long and hard fought from a policy level. The number of still births in 2024 was recorded as 81,117 with a heavy urban tilt, with 69% of still births happening in urban centres.

The civil registration system has continued to expand its coverage, and improving registration will offer a clearer picture of the country's demographic transition.

Expanded coverage

Registered births rose from 2.52 crore in 2023 to 2.54 crore in 2024, while registered deaths increased from 86.6 lakh to 89.4 lakh. Thirteen States recorded above 90% of births and 15 States recorded above 90% of deaths. The CRS report shows that the level of birth registration reached 99.1% in 2024 and the level of death registration reached 99.4%, both extremely close to full coverage.

The rise in registrations does not necessarily mean that either fertility or mortality is rising sharply; it means the system has begun to capture births, deaths, still births and sex ratio at birth more comprehensively.

Topic	Details
Report	Civil Registration System (CRS) Report 2024
Released by	Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India
Birth Registration	99.1%
Death Registration	99.4%
Significance	India has achieved near-universal registration of births and deaths.

Feature

Full Form

Purpose

Legal Basis

Implemented by

Importance

Details

Civil Registration System (CRS)

Continuous registration of births and deaths

Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1969 (updated under the Registration of Births and Deaths (Amendment) Act, 2023)

Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India

Provides legal identity and reliable demographic statistics

INDICATOR	2023	2024
Registered Births	2.52 crore	2.54 crore
Registered Deaths	86.6 lakh	89.4 lakh
Birth Registration Level	—	99.1%
Death Registration Level	—	99.4%

Coverage Across States

Indicator	Performance
States with over 90% birth registration	13 States
States with over 90% death registration	15 States

Sex Ratio at Birth (SRB)

Indicator	Value
National Sex Ratio at Birth	917 girls per 1,000 boys

What does it mean?

- For every **1,000 boys**, **917 girls** were born.
- Although below the natural biological range, the report indicates gradual improvement in some regions.

Best Performing States/UTs (Sex Ratio at Birth)

State / UT	Girls per 1,000 Boys
Arunachal Pradesh	1,050
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	984
Meghalaya	974
Mizoram	972
Kerala	970

Lowest Sex Ratio at Birth

State / UT	Girls per 1,000 Boys
Nagaland	865
Lakshadweep	865
Jharkhand	890

Historical Perspective

Indicator	Value
Haryana (Census 2011)	834 girls per 1,000 boys
Punjab (Census 2011)	846 girls per 1,000 boys

Observation: Haryana and Punjab have historically recorded the lowest child sex ratios, but sustained policy interventions have led to gradual improvements.

Urban Births

Indicator	Value
Total Still Births Registered	81,117
Share in Urban Areas	69%

Feature	CRS	Census	SRS
Nature	Continuous registration	Population enumeration every 10 years	Sample-based demographic survey
Conducted by	Registrar General of India	Registrar General of India	Registrar General of India
Frequency	Continuous	Decennial	Continuous sample survey
Main Purpose	Legal registration of births & deaths	Population count	Estimates of birth rate, death rate, IMR, fertility, etc.

How close is BJP to 2/3rd majority in Parliament?

The numbers decoded

Jatin Anand

New Delhi, July 1

AS THE TMC and the Shiv Sena (UBT) split in June, the pace at which these Opposition parties unravelled and the support of the breakaway groups for the BJP-led NDA alliance indicated that the ruling party was pushing hard to reach two-thirds majority in Parliament and amend the Constitution.

With the support of these additional MPs secured, the BJP can make another attempt to push through the constitutional amendment Bill on delimitation and operationalise the women's reservation law in the coming Monsoon Session of Parliament. The government, on July 17, is also likely to introduce the 130th Constitution Amendment Bill that seeks to remove ministers following their arrest or detention for 30 consecutive days for serious offences.

The Opposition has opposed the government on both these issues and in April defeated the attempt to expand the size of the Lok Sabha and state Assemblies.

Article 368 says an amendment to the Constitution may be initiated "only by the introduction of a Bill for the purpose in either House of Parliament, and when the Bill is passed in each House by a majority of the total membership of that House and by a majority of not less than two-thirds of the members of

that House present and voting".

That means there are two conditions to be satisfied: such a Bill requires the support of at least 273 MPs in the Lok Sabha, which has a total membership of 545, and then two-thirds of members present and voting. If all 540 sitting MPs of the current Lok Sabha are present and vote, that would mean requiring at least 360 votes in favour.

In April, during voting on the Constitution (One Hundred and Thirty-First Amendment) Bill, 2026, 528 of 540 current Lok Sabha MPs participated, with 298 voting in its favour, 230 against it, and 11 MPs absent.

The absentees, sources said, were seven TMC, two Congress, and two of the seven Independent MPs currently in prison.

While the NDA met the first condition, it fell short of the two-thirds mark of 352.

Barely weeks later, 20 rebel MPs of the TMC broke away and merged with the Nationalist Citizens Party of India. Along with six of the Shiv Sena (UBT)'s 9 MPs who joined the Shiv Sena led by Eknath Shinde, the NDA is now said to have the support of 318 to 319 Lok Sabha MPs, still 41 to 42 short of the 360 mark.

The BJP may also attempt to get the support of the DMK, which has 22 MPs and has been miffed with the Congress following its decision to break their alliance and join hands with the Vijay-led TVK in Tamil Nadu. In the DMK, certain sections are

learned to be open to negotiating with the BJP "on specific issues".

Then there are the Independent MPs, who may play a crucial role.

Before defections occurred, the total strength of the INDIA alliance was 225 — including 98 for the Congress, Samajwadi Party 37, TMC 28, DMK 22, Shiv Sena (UBT) 9, NCP (Sharadchandra Pawar) 8, Left 8, RJD 4, three each for IUML, Jharkhand Mukti Morcha and AAP, and two MPs of the National Conference.

This bloc of MPs is down 26, following the TMC and Sena (UBT) splits.

The NDA still has some distance to bridge. It can seek the support of a party such as the Jagan Mohan Reddy-led YSRCP that has 4 MPs and ensure that Opposition parties such as the NCP (SP) or the DMK, with a total of 30 MPs, either back it or abstain. That will bring down the special majority mark.

In this context, the role of the Independent MPs becomes important. However, among them, Amritpal Singh and Sheikh Abdul Rashid are currently in prison.

For instance, if the DMK and the NCP (SP) abstain, the two-thirds mark will be down to 330, leaving the NDA short by 11 votes. Theoretically, with the support of the YSRCP and the five Independents likely to be available to vote, the NDA will be left with only two votes to get.

FULL REPORT ON

WWW.INDIANEXPRESS.COM

E.

Topic

Details

Issue

Whether the BJP-led NDA is close to securing a **two-thirds majority** required for Constitutional amendments.

Context

Recent splits in opposition parties such as **TMC** and **Shiv Sena (UBT)** have increased NDA's strength.

Importance

A two-thirds majority is required to pass most Constitutional Amendment Bills under **Article 368**.

Requirement

Explanation

Special Majority

Constitutional Amendment Bills require a **special majority** in each House.

Condition 1

Majority of the **total membership** of the House.

Condition 2

At least **two-thirds of members present and voting**.

Additional Requirement

Certain amendments also require ratification by **at least half of the State Legislatures**.

Particular	Number
Total Strength of Lok Sabha	545
Current Effective Strength	540 (vacancies)
Majority of Total Membership	273
Two-thirds of Current Members (if all present & voting)	360

Stage**Seats**

Before recent defections

318

After TMC & Shiv Sena (UBT) defections

319

Seats needed to reach 360

41

Constitutional Amendment Vote (April 2026)

Indicator	Number
Members Present & Voting	528
Votes in Favour	298
Votes Against	230
Members Absent	11
Two-thirds Needed (of 528)	352
NDA Shortfall	54 votes

Recent Political Developments

Development	Impact on NDA
Split in TMC	Increased NDA support.
Split in Shiv Sena (UBT)	More MPs aligned with NDA.
NCP split	Earlier strengthened NDA numbers.
Independent MPs	May become crucial during voting.

Parties That Could Influence the Numbers

Party	Lok Sabha MPs	Possible Role
YSR Congress Party (YSRCP)	4	May support issue-wise.
Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam (DMK)	22	Abstention or support could alter the threshold.
NCP (Sharad Pawar)	8	Abstention/support may affect voting outcome.
Independent MPs	5–7 (depending on vacancies and attendance)	Could be decisive in close votes.

Why Abstentions Matter

Under **Article 368**, the Constitution requires **two-thirds of members present and voting, not two-thirds of the total House** (for the special majority component).

Example

Scenario	Votes Needed
540 MPs present	360
500 MPs present	334
480 MPs present	320

Key Insight: If opposition MPs abstain or are absent, the effective two-thirds threshold falls.

Constitutional Amendment Process (Simplified)

Step	Requirement
Bill introduced	Either House of Parliament
Passage in each House	Special majority under Article 368
State Ratification (where required)	At least 50% of State Legislatures
President's Assent	Mandatory after passage

Amendments Requiring State Ratification

Subject

Election of the President

Distribution of legislative powers (Union–State)

Supreme Court & High Courts

Representation of States in Parliament

Seventh Schedule

Article 368 itself

Feature	Ordinary Bill	Constitutional Amendment Bill
Constitutional Provision	Articles 107–111	Article 368
Majority Required	Simple majority	Special majority
Joint Sitting	Possible (in certain cases)	Not permitted
President's Assent	May return certain Bills	Must give assent after valid passage
State Ratification	Not required	Required for specified amendments

Amendment

Purpose

101st

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

102nd

Constitutional status to the National Commission for Backward Classes (NCBC)

103rd

10% EWS Reservation

104th

Extension of reservation for SCs/STs in legislatures;
Anglo-Indian nomination ended

106th

Women's Reservation (Nari Shakti Vandan Adhiniyam, 2023)

Word of the day

Rigmarole:

a set of confused and meaningless statements

Synonyms: gibberish, nonsense, rhetoric

Usage: *I don't want to go through all the rigmarole just to fill out one form.*

Pronunciation: newsth.live/rigmarole

International Phonetic

Alphabet: /rɪgmərəʊl/



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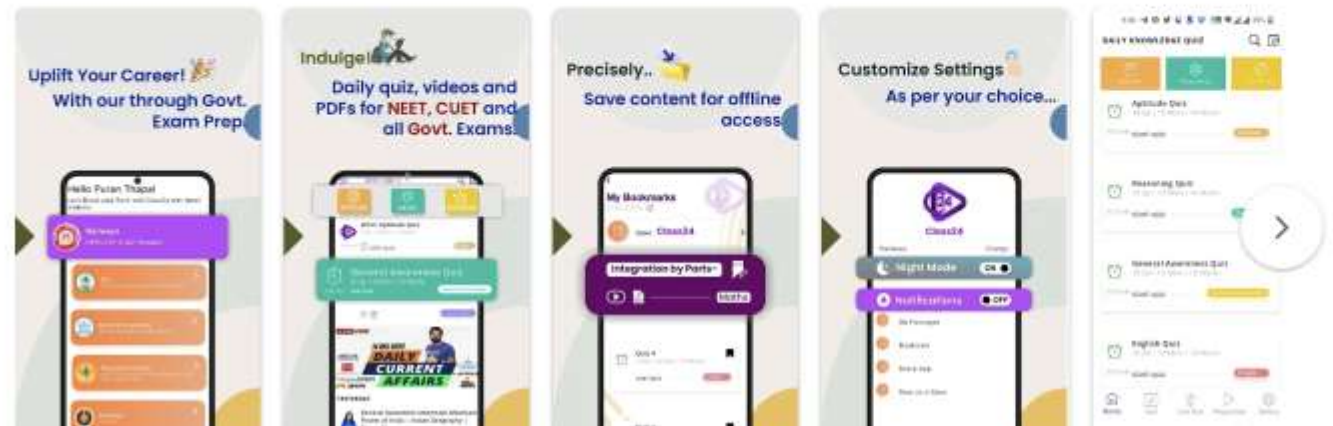
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