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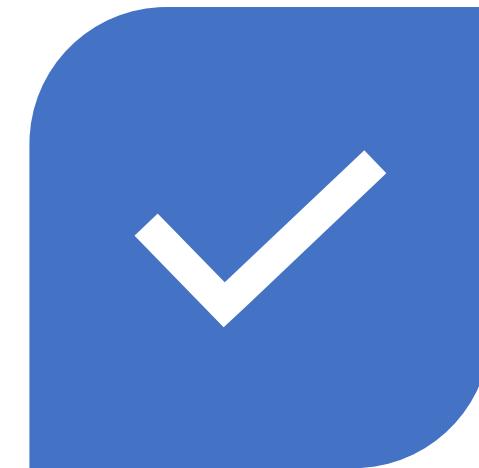




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By Bhunesh Sir

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INTERIM RELIEF
Jharkhand High Court stays action against ED
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STIFLED DISSENT
Iran protest movement subsides after crackdown
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IN CHAC
HC order disqualifying
Mukul Roy put on hold
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A CLIMATE OF FEAR
In Jharkhand,
a tuker on a
rampage

Twenty killed as villages
remain panic-stricken
GROUND ZERO • PAGE 2



ON A ROLL
Royal Challengers register third win
SPORT • PAGE 14



India-EU trade
pact 'mother of
all deals': Goyal

NEW DELHI
The trade pact agreement (PTA) with the European Union (EU) will be the "mother of all deals" when compared with the trade agreements signed with "developed" countries, Commerce Minister Piyush Goyal said. ■ PAGE 13



Insurrection Act
may be invoked
over riots: Trump

NEW YORK
U.S. President Donald Trump on Thursday threatened to invoke an emergency law that allows the deployment of the military, after federal agents killed one protestor and injured another in Minnesota, sparking mass protests. ■ PAGE 13

HC seeks Centre's
reply on sailors
detained in Iran

NEW DELHI
The Delhi High Court has issued notices to the Union government while hearing a petition challenging the release of 16 Indian seafarers who were detained by the Iranian Revolutionary Guard on December 8. At the time, they were on a vessel in international waters off Dubai's port near Dubai. ■ PAGE 2

Five booked
for 'assaulting'
Assam student

NEW DELHI
Five students of the Amriti Gandhi National Tribal University (AGNTU) at Angul in Odisha have been booked for allegedly assaulting an Assamese student on Sunday. The protest led to a clash between the students and police. They were also accused of violating the Central variety on January 14. ■ PAGE 2

Home Ministry
to hold Ladhak
talks on Feb. 4

NEW DELHI
The Union Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA) has called the meeting of the Ladhak civil society leaders of Ladakh on February 4. The meeting of the Ladhak Civil Society Council (LCS), which is led by Minister of State for Home Affairs, is being held after a gap of three months. ■ PAGE 2

44,000 new start-ups were registered in 2015, says PM

Prime Minister says Startup India mission has become a 'revolution', with the country becoming the third largest start-up ecosystem globally; risk-taking has become mainstream today, he adds

The Hindu Bureau
NEW DELHI

Nearly 44,000 start-ups registered with the government in 2015, the highest annual addition in five years. India was launched, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said on Friday, at an event to commemorate the 10th anniversary of the scheme.

The biggest jump
"I'm even more pleased to see that the momentum of Startup India is continuing to grow," Mr. Modi said.

"Today's start-ups are becoming unicorns and creating more and more jobs. Last year alone, in the first 10 months, new start-ups were registered. This is the biggest

jump in any single year since the launch of Startup India," he said.

Mr. Modi said that the Startup India mission has become a "revolution" in India, with the country taking its position as the third largest start-up ecosystem in the world.

"Ten years ago, there were fewer than 800 start-ups in the country, today, there are over 44,000 and to over 2,00,000," Mr. Modi said. "In 2014, India had

only four unicorns; today, there are nearly 125 active unicorns in India... These high-growth start-ups in our start-ups are driving the ecosystem, innovation, and growth," he said.

Mr. Modi also talked about how the perception of risk-taking had changed in the ecosystem. "Ten years ago, risk-taking was discouraged in the country, but today, it has been

mainstream," Mr. Modi said, adding, "Those who think beyond monthly salary are not only accepting risk, but also taking risks, taking ideas, which people once considered fringe, are now becoming mainstream."

He also said that over 2,000 start-ups have invested through the Fund of Funds for start-ups that had been created by the government.

Speaking to the media after the event, Commerce and Industry Minister Piyush Goyal said the focus of the Fund of Funds 2.0, apportioned to the startup ecosystem of 60,000 crore, would be on deep tech, particularly in areas where there is a lot of potential, such as artificial intelligence, machine learning, quantum technology, defense, and aerospace. "These are areas where the country has the potential where we want to become a global leader," he said.

Striking a balance
A balance needs to be struck between the protection afforded to the judiciary and the legislature, and the mechanism for removal of a judge triggered by the people's representatives.

LoK Sabha Speaker Om Birla admitted the MPs' motion for the removal of justice Varma on August 12 last year, a day after the Lok Sabha Chairman had rejected a separate motion by the Member of Parliament.

The Deputy Chairman had assumed the duties of the Chairman and the President of the Lok Sabha, who resigned from office on July 21, the very day the motion for removal of the Chairman was moved.

Justice Varma had argued that the Speaker did wrong to "unilaterally

allow the Lok Sabha to move the motion of removal of the chairman in one house, without the other house automatically falling in the other house," he said.

For the first time, Thackeray lost control of Mumbai, after the NCP-BJP alliance had been ruling it for over 25 years.

In several corporations, Sharad Pawar's party, the NCP-BJP, drew a blank. His party, which had won 30 seats in the 2014 Lok Sabha election, lost 30 in Maharashtra, with the Shiv Sena winning 18. Except in Mumbai, Mr. Pawar's party won seats in 10 digits in other places. Aji Pawar's NCP faced substantial electoral losses. In

Thackeray's party, the Shiv Sena, which he had joined hands with his uncle Sharad Pawar against the BJP, the NCP-BJP alliance triumphed. The party got 10 seats in the coming elections and also effectively countered the idea of a "left-nationalist" movement, he said.

The Congress suffered a

SC rejects Justice Varma's challenge to formation of House inquiry committee

Krishnadas Rajagopal
NEW DELHI

The Supreme Court on Friday rejected a petition by challenging the Lok Sabha Speaker's constitution of a committee to inquire into his motion for his removal, underscoring that safeguards against the removal process are in place.

The court said accepting the All India High Court's petition for injunction of the judges (disqualification) Act would result in a "deadlock" in the functioning of the legislature.

The court said the fast proviso was intended to allow the Lok Sabha to consider the removal of the Speaker by the Rajya Sabha Chairman and the Lok Sabha Speaker jointly. It rejected the challenge to the constitutionality of Section 329 of the Act in favour.

The court had condoned that the proviso should be read strictly. A loose interpretation may mar his reputation, but impact the constitutional framework of the institution of judiciary, exposing judges to arbitrary or biased removal motions by MPs.

Disagreeing with Justice Varma's reasoning, Justice Datta said that the court, held the proviso would apply only if notices were filed in both Houses.

In the present case, one House had rejected while the other had admitted the motion.

There is nothing in the Inquiry Act to suggest that rejection of a motion in one House would lead to the other House inaction.

The court said the mere loss of having a "joint committee" has not caused judicial norms to be violated.

After all, the inquiry committee's task was to submit a report.

The ultimate decision of his removal would lie with the Members of Parliament.

"Separation of judiciary, however, unfortunately cannot be a ground to subvert a constitutionally-sanctioned legislative process, particularly when Parliament has consciously decided to amend its regard structure," the judgment added.



Fighting bull: A bull charges into the arena during a Jallikattu event at Palamedu village in Madurai district of Tamil Nadu on Friday. The first of three major events in the traditional bull-taming sport coinciding with Pongal celebrations began on Thursday. ■ PAGE 18

Mahayuti sweeps municipal corporation elections in Maharashtra

Vinaya Deshpande Pundit
Snehal Shinde
MUMBAI

The BJP-led Mahayuti alliance swept the municipal elections in Maharashtra on Friday with Chief Minister Devendra Fadnavis claiming victory.

The State Election Commission declared results for 29 corporations in the 29 corporations. The BJP won 1,400, becoming the largest party in 27 corporations, while Shinde's Shiv Sena won 397 seats, Congress 329, Aam Aadmi Party 26, NCP 183, SP 36 and Raj Thackeray's Navsena

Shinde won 13 seats. The AIMIM became a surprise element. The party lost control of 10 corporations and won 98 seats across Maharashtra, with eight in Mumbai, according to the election commission.

For the first time, Thackeray lost control of Mumbai, after the NCP-BJP alliance had been ruling it for over 25 years.

In several corporations, Sharad Pawar's party, the NCP-BJP, drew a blank.

His party, which had won 30 seats in the 2014 Lok Sabha election, lost 30 in Maharashtra, with the Shiv Sena winning 18. Except in Mumbai, Mr. Pawar's party won seats in 10 digits in other places. Aji Pawar's NCP faced substantial electoral losses. In

Thackeray's party, the Shiv Sena, which he had joined hands with his uncle Sharad Pawar against the BJP, the NCP-BJP alliance triumphed. The party got 10 seats in the coming elections and also effectively countered the idea of a "left-nationalist" movement, he said.

The Congress suffered a

setback in several constituencies. It claimed to have won 350 of the 2,809 seats that went to polls, but may win in five cities. It ended up as the single largest party in Chhindwara. The party said that it will jointly be in

a Marathi, a Hindu. Mr. Pawar said in Nagpur, "I am grateful to the people of Maharashtra for this massive victory. We have broken all the records... and set a new benchmark in development in this election."

The mandate is indicative that people want honesty, transparency and accountability," he said in his victory speech.

He also commended the party's success to Hindupur, calling it "all-encompassing."

AIMIM leader Wariq Pathan said the party had won the bid "on the strength of our people. The people are the fastest growing party. People have shown their trust in As-



Shiv Sena (UPT) workers celebrate after winning a ward in Dadar, Mumbai, on Friday. ■ PAGE 18

be a Marathi, a Hindu." Mr. Pawar said in Nagpur, "I am grateful to the people of Maharashtra for this massive victory. We have broken all the records... and set a new benchmark in development in this election."

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AIMIM leader Wariq Pathan said the party had won the bid "on the strength of our people. The people are the fastest growing party. People have shown their trust in As-

hamedabad. Our performance has been fantastic. Even our Hindupur has won in Mumbai," he said. The party defeated Samajwadi Party in the bastion of Mumbai and the NCP leader Nana Patil's candidate in his stronghold.

On the SEC data on 29 municipal corporations, the NCP was declared as the winner of 2,033 of the 2,809 seats. Of them, the NCP won 1,400, Congress 324, NCP 160, Shiv Sena (UPT) 183, NCP (SP) 36 and Raj Thackeray's MNS won 13 seats.

Related Report ■ PAGE 4

44,000 new start-ups were registered in 2025, says PM

Prime Minister says Startup India mission has become a 'revolution,' with the country becoming the third-largest start-up ecosystem globally; risk-taking has become mainstream today, he adds

The Hindu Bureau

NEW DELHI

Nearly 44,000 start-ups registered with the government in 2025, the highest annual addition since Startup India was launched, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said on Friday at an event commemorating the 10th anniversary of the scheme.

Launched on January 16, 2016, the flagship initiative seeks to foster innovation, promote entrepreneurship, and enable investment-driven growth.

The biggest jump

"I'm even more pleased to see that the momentum of Startup India is steadily increasing," Mr. Modi said. "Today's start-ups are becoming unicorns, unicorns are launching their IPOs, and creating more and more jobs. Last year alone, in 2025, nearly 44,000 new start-ups were registered. This is the biggest



Looking up: Narendra Modi visits an exhibition during an event marking a decade of Startup India, in New Delhi, on Friday. ANI

jump in any single year since the launch of Startup India."

He said that the Startup India mission has become a "revolution" in India, with the country taking its position as the third-largest start-up ecosystem in the world.

"Ten years ago, there were fewer than 500 start-ups in the country; today, that number has grown to over 2,00,000," Mr. Modi said. "In 2014, India had

only four unicorns; today, there are nearly 125 active unicorns in India... These figures bear witness to how our start-ups are driving the ecosystem, innovation, and growth."

Mr. Modi also talked about how the perception of risk-taking has changed in the country, becoming more widely accepted and even respected.

"Earlier, risk-taking was discouraged in the country, but today, it has be-

come mainstream," Mr. Modi said, adding, "Those who think beyond monthly salary are not only accepted but also respected. Risk-taking ideas, which people once considered fringe, are now becoming fashionable."

He also said that over ₹25,000 crore has been invested through the Fund of Funds for start-ups that had been created by the government.

Speaking to the media after the event, Commerce and Industry Minister Piyush Goyal said the focus of the Fund of Funds 2.0, approved in April 2025 with a corpus of ₹10,000 crore, would be on deep tech, particularly in areas witnessing a lot of innovation, such as artificial intelligence, machine learning, quantum technologies, defence, and aerospace. "These are areas where the country has a need, and where we want to become a global leader," he said.

- मुख्य खबर / Key news
 - 2025 में सरकार के पास करीब 44,000 नए स्टार्ट-अप रजिस्टर हुए।
 - यह Startup India (2016) शुरू होने के बाद किसी एक साल में सबसे बड़ा वार्षिक इंजाफा बताया गया।
- Startup India का उद्देश्य / Objective of Startup India
 - इनnovation (नवाचार) को बढ़ावा देना, entrepreneurship (उद्यमिता) को प्रोत्साहित करना, और investment-driven growth (निवेश आधारित वृद्धि) सक्षम करना।
- भारत की स्थिति / India's position
 - भारत को दुनिया का तीसरा सबसे बड़ा start-up ecosystem बताया गया।
 - Risk-taking (जोखिम लेने की संस्कृति) अब मुख्यधारा (mainstream) में आ गई है—लोग इसे अधिक स्वीकार/सम्मान कर रहे हैं।
- इकोसिस्टम की वृद्धि / Growth of ecosystem
 - 10 साल पहले भारत में 500 से कम स्टार्ट-अप बताए गए थे; अब यह संख्या 2,00,000+ बताई गई।
 - 2014 में केवल 4 unicorns थे; अब करीब 125 active unicorns बताए गए।
- सरकारी फंडिंग सपोर्ट / Government funding support
 - सरकार के Fund of Funds के जरिए ₹25,000 करोड़+ निवेश का उल्लेख हुआ।
 - Fund of Funds 2.0 (अप्रैल 2025, ₹10,000 करोड़ corpus) का फोकस deep tech पर रहेगा—जैसे AI, Machine Learning, Quantum, Defence, Aerospace।

Topic	Key facts (English)	रक्षा लौह ज़ (Hindi)
Startup India launch	Launched on 16 Jan 2016	इन्हे ने ए अधिकारी ने इन्होंने चाहे
Startup (concept)	Early-stage, innovation-led business model; scalable	एक्रिट्रियल शिक्षा, लैंगर लूप प्राइवेट एक्रिट्रियल रक्षा च
DPIIT (nodal)	Startup recognition generally goes via DPIIT (Commerce & Industry)	क्रियर है रक्षा एक्रिट्रियल विभाग की प्राइवेट DPIIT
Unicorn	Privately held startup valued at \$1B+	शान्ति क्रियर है एक्रिट्रियल valuation \$1B+
Active unicorns	“Active” implies currently operating unicorns (not shut/merged)	“Active” = नेत्र विभाग विभाग एक्रिट्रियल
IPO	Public listing; startups use IPO for capital + credibility	IPO लूप है एक्रिट्रियल विभाग विभाग प्राइवेट
Fund of Funds	Govt capital routed via AIFs/managed funds to support startups	दृष्टिकोण दृष्टिकोण एक्रिट्रियल विभाग विभाग
Deep-tech	Tech-heavy R&D (AI/ML/Quantum/Aerospace/Defence etc.)	क्षेत्र R&D ए शिक्षा लौह — AI/Quantum/Aerospace/Defence
Risk-taking culture	Shift from “discouraged” to “accepted & respected”	इन्होंने एक्रिट्रियल विभाग विभाग विभाग
Key exam angle	Compare: Startup India vs Stand-Up India; funding vs credit	ग्राम एक्रिट्रियल विभाग विभाग विभाग है; एक्रिट्रियल विभाग विभाग है;

Exam	Date (as per paper/shift)	Question (Paraphrased)	Answer
SSC GD Constable	13 Jan 2023 (Shift 3)	Startup India Initiative was launched on which date?	16 Jan 2016
SSC CGL Tier-1	25 Jul 2023 (Shift 1)	Which team became India's first sports unicorn (market cap ~₹7,600 cr as of Jan 2022)?	Chennai Super Kings
RBI Grade B	28 May 2022 (Memory-based paper)	Which became India's 100th unicorn in May 2022?	Open (neo-banking startup)
RRB NTPC CBT-1	15 Feb 2021 (Shift 2)	Startup India was launched on which date?	16 Jan 2016
OSSC TGT	11 Mar 2023 (Shift 3)	Startup India was launched in which year?	2016
UPSC CAPF (AC) Paper-II	12 Aug 2018	Startup India Hub was operationalised on which date (for handholding/query support)?	1 Apr 2016

- **Q. Consider the following statements:**
- In 2025, about **44,000** new start-ups were registered, which was stated as the biggest single-year jump since Startup India began.
- Fund of Funds 2.0 (approved in April 2025) focuses on deep-tech areas such as AI/ML/Quantum/Defence/Aerospace.
- In 2014, India had nearly **125** active unicorns.
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?
- A) 1 and 2 only
- B) 2 and 3 only
- C) 1 and 3 only
- D) 1, 2 and 3

EU leaders set to be chief guests at 77th Republic Day celebrations

Saurabh Trivedi

NEW DELHI

Defence Secretary Rajesh Kumar Singh on Friday announced that European Union leaders Antonio Costa, President of the European Council, and Ursula von der Leyen, President of the European Commission, will be the chief guests at India's 77th Republic Day celebrations.

In a briefing to presspersons ahead of Republic Day, he said that the 90-minute Republic Day Parade on January 26 along Kartavya Path will be themed around 150 years of 'Vande Mataram', a theme that will also anchor the Beating the Retreat ceremony.

In a symbolic move to end "VIP culture", the Defence Secretary announced that enclosures at the Republic Day Parade will be named after rivers of India, while those at the Beating Retreat ceremony will be named after musical instruments. Earlier,



The Indian Naval Band rehearsing amid dense fog on a winter morning in New Delhi ahead of the Republic Day on Friday. PTI

these were referred to as VIP enclosures.

First-time highlights

The parade will feature several first-time military showcases, including the Bhairav Battalion, Shaktibaan regiments, Drone Shakti, and a universal rocket launcher.

A major highlight will be the phased battle array format of the Indian Army, with commentary explain-

ing the operational roles of formations and equipment. The aerial component will also be displayed in battle array formation, he said.

For the first time, a European naval contingent will also take part in the parade.

Mr. Singh further said that the celebrations will open with 100 cultural artists performing with Indian martial musical in-

struments. Marching contingents will include the Bhairav contingent in 'Uncha Kadam Taal' and the Ladakh Scouts, while an animal contingent comprising Zanskar ponies, Bactrian camels and dogs will reflect India's diverse operational landscape.

A total of 18 marching contingents and 13 bands will participate in the parade. The flypast will showcase Rafale, Su-30, P-8I, C-130, C-295, MiG-29, Apache, LCH, ALH and Mi-17 aircraft and helicopters in various formations.

'Vande Mataram' will be the central focus of Republic Day Celebrations-2026, with tableaux from six States and departments highlighting the theme.

Paintings by artist Tejendra Kumar Mitra illustrating verses of 'Vande Mataram' will be displayed at Kartavya Path, while bands will play its tune during the Beating the Retreat ceremony.

- मुख्य घोषणा / Key announcement
 - Defence Secretary Rajesh Kumar Singh ने बताया कि EU के दो शीर्ष नेता Antonio Costa (President, European Council) और Ursula von der Leyen (President, European Commission) भारत के 77th Republic Day समारोह के Chief Guests होंगे।
- परेड का थीम / Parade theme
 - 26 January को Kartavya Path पर होने वाली (लगभग) 90-minute परेड का थीम 'Vande Mataram' के 150 years पर आधारित होगा।
 - यही थीम Beating the Retreat समारोह का भी मुख्य आधार बनेगा।
- "VIP culture" कम करने का संकेत / Symbolic end of VIP culture
 - Republic Day parade के enclosures को भारत की नदियों के नाम पर रखा जाएगा।
 - Beating the Retreat के enclosures को musical instruments के नाम पर रखा जाएगा।
- First-time highlights / पहली बार की झलकियाँ
 - परेड में पहली बार कई military showcases: Bhairav Battalion, Shaktibaan regiments, Drone Shakti, और universal rocket launcher जैसी क्षमताएँ दिखेंगी।
 - Indian Army का phased battle array format (भूमिकाओं/उपकरणों की व्याख्या सहित) प्रदर्शित होगा।
 - पहली बार European naval contingent भी परेड में शामिल होगा।
 - Celebrations की शुरुआत 100 cultural artists के प्रदर्शन से होगी (martial + musical instruments का मिश्रण)।

- **Marching / Bands / Animals**
 - कुल 18 marching contingents और 13 bands भाग लेंगे।
 - Marching में **Ladakh Scouts** और **Bhairav contingent** (उदा. 'Uncha Kadam Taal') शामिल होंगे।
 - Animal contingent में **Zanskar ponies**, **Bactrian camels**, और **dogs—India** के diverse operational landscape को दिखाने के लिए।
- **Flypast / हवाई प्रदर्शन**
 - Flypast में: **Rafale**, **Su-30**, **P-8I**, **C-130**, **C-295**, **MiG-29**, **Apache**, **LCH**, **ALH**, **Mi-17** आदि विभिन्न formations में दिखेंगे।
- **Cultural add-on / सांस्कृतिक पक्ष**
 - 'Vande Mataram' central focus रहेगा; **6 States + departments** के tableaux theme highlight करेंगे।
 - Artist **Tejendra Kumar Mitra** की **Vande Mataram verses** पर आधारित paintings Kartavya Path पर प्रदर्शित होंगी; bands Beating Retreat में इसकी tune बजाएँगे।

Topic

Republic Day

Key facts (English)

Celebrated on **26 Jan**; Constitution came into effect on **26 Jan 1950**

रक्षा लूट्ठ ज़ही (Hindi)

ज़द न ए अधिग्रह; द्वारकाश्वरण ज़द न ए अधिग्रह इथड़ज़ इस्त

Chief Guest tradition

Used as a diplomatic signal; highlights priority partnership

Chief Guest द्वारकाश्वरण इस्तप्पाधर इस्तप्पाधर ब्रिक्स्ट्रेट ल्व द्वारकाश्वरण

EU: European Council vs Commission

European Council sets political direction; **European Commission** is executive arm

Council = इस्तप्पाधर; Commission = इवरक्स्ट्रेटप्पाधर Implementing body

Kartavya Path

New name of Rajpath (central ceremonial boulevard)

Rajpath इव एवर एक्स्ट्रेटप्पा Kartavya Path

Beating the Retreat

Marks ceremonial closing of Republic Day celebrations (traditionally 29 Jan)

एर लूट्ठ श्वेत्र द्वारकाश्वरण इव द्वारकाश्वरण ceremonial event

‘Vande Mataram’ basics

India’s **National Song**; strongly linked with freedom movement

एव महाय पहल; इल्लेल्व एव इल्लेल्व द्वारकाश्वरण

Defence aviation terms

LCH: Light Combat Helicopter; **ALH**: Advanced Light Helicopter

LCH = एव चन्नकेश्वरप्पाद्धृष्ट्य; ALH = कैन एव चन्नकेश्वरप्पाद्धृष्ट्य

Zanskar & Bactrian

Zanskar ponies: high-altitude utility; Bactrian camel: cold desert (two-humped)

ध्रव्य व्य द्वारकाश्वरण द्वारकाश्वरण कैन एव चन्नकेश्वरप्पाद्धृष्ट्य; इस्तमग्नक ब्रिक्स्ट्रेटप्पाधर

Exam

UPSC CSE Prelims

SSC (CGL/CHSL/GD)

Railways (NTPC/Group D)

Banking (IBPS/SBI)

Defence (NDA/CDS)

Approx. Year

2017–2023 (seen as theme)

2018–2024 (seen as theme)

2019–2024 (seen as theme)

2018–2024 (seen as theme)

2019–2024 (seen as theme)

Question (Memory-based)

“Vande Mataram” is India’s—
(National Anthem/National Song/National Motto)?

“Rajpath” was renamed as—?

Republic Day is celebrated on which date and why?

EU’s executive arm is—
(Council/Commission/Parliament)?

“Beating the Retreat” signifies what?

Answer

National Song /
ਧਰਮਸ਼ਾਲਾ ਪਹਿਲਾ

Kartavya Path

26 Jan;
Constitution in force (1950)

European Commission

Ceremonial closing of Republic Day events

- Consider the following statements:
- The Republic Day parade theme is linked to **150 years of 'Vande Mataram'**, and the same theme anchors the **Beating the Retreat** ceremony.
- For the first time, a **European naval contingent** will participate in the Republic Day parade.
- The flypast will feature only fighter aircraft and not transport aircraft/helicopters.
- Which of the statements is/are correct?
- A) 1 and 2 only
- B) 2 and 3 only
- C) 1 and 3 only
- D) 1, 2 and 3

TRUMP 'GETS' NOBEL PRIZE!



US President Donald Trump has been vocal about his longing for a peace Nobel. He got his wish – sort of – as Maria Corina Machado presented her medal to him during a White House meeting. Trump later thanked her for 'a wonderful gesture of mutual respect'. The Norwegian Nobel Institute has clarified that the prize can't be transferred or revoked, and both Machado and Trump came in for heavy criticism online, but a White House official confirmed the prez would be keeping the medal | P 8

Exam category

UPSC Prelims (Awards)

SSC / Railways (Static GK)

Banking / SSC (Nobel basics)

Defence (IR/Polity GK)

State PSC (Current affairs + static)

PYQ-theme (Memory-based)

Nobel Peace Prize is decided by which body?

“Laureate” term is used for?

Which Nobel Prize is awarded in Norway (Oslo)?

What is the meaning of “transferability” in awards context?

Nobel Prize: medal vs award—what stays with whom?

Answer

Norwegian Nobel Committee

Award recipient / ପ୍ରାପ୍ତକୁଳୀ

Peace Prize

Official award doesn't change winner

Medal can be gifted; award stays with laureate

China Gets 9/10

Nine of the 10 cities that recorded the steepest PM2.5 declines (2013–2022) are in China. Beijing cut pollution by over half, reflecting long-term regulation and a broad shift to cleaner transport

Top 10 cities with biggest reduction in air pollution, 2013–2022

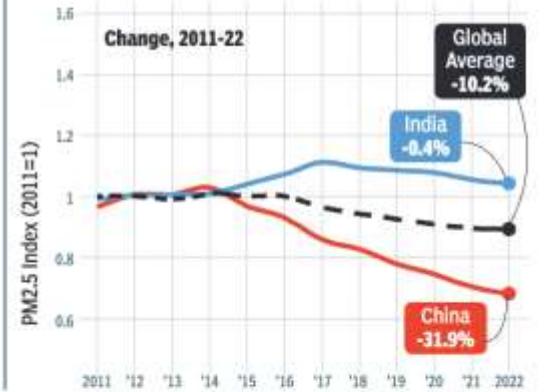
S No	City	Country	% change
1	Beijing	China	-52
2	Tangshan	China	-51
3	Luohe	China	-48
4	Jinan	China	-47
5	Xuchang	China	-45
6	Handan	China	-43
7	Anyang	S Korea	-40
8	Kaifeng	China	-39
9	Zhengzhou	China	-39
10	Shijiazhuang	China	-39

Pune Among Worst Performers

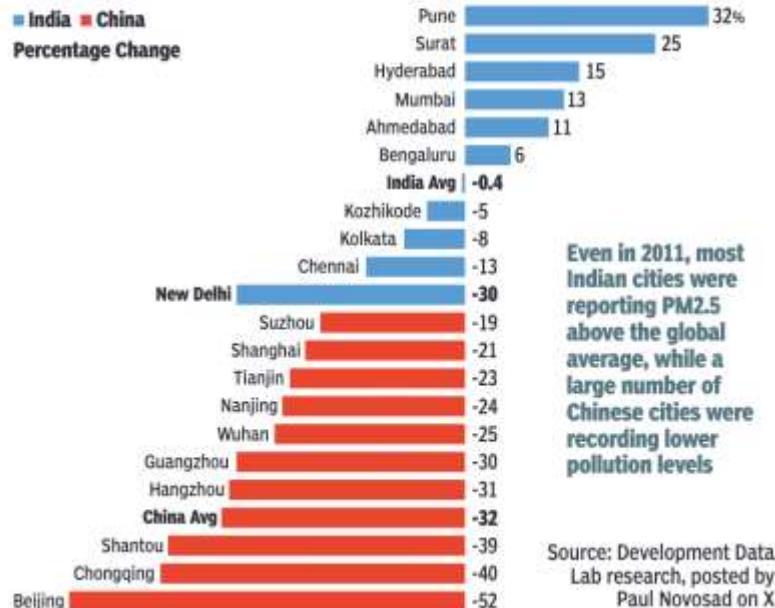
Within India, the story is uneven. Delhi shows the strongest improvement since 2011, even as it remains among the world's most polluted cities. Many other cities have stagnated or worsened, with pollution rising in places such as Pune and Surat, amid rapid urbanisation and extensive construction activity

India Struggles

Globally, PM2.5 levels have fallen by about 10% since 2011. China's average dropped by nearly 32%, but India's average is almost flat, underscoring the limited national-level gains in checking pollution



Change in PM2.5 levels, 2011 to 2022



Topic

PM2.5 meaning

Major sources

Why PM2.5 is dangerous

Indian air standards (NAAQS)

AQI idea

Why city trends differ

“Airshed” approach

Exam hook

Key facts (English)

Particles **≤2.5 microns**; can penetrate deep into lungs and enter bloodstream

Vehicle exhaust, coal/industry, biomass burning, construction dust, waste burning

Linked to asthma, COPD, heart disease, stroke; reduces life expectancy

CPCB NAAQS (commonly used): **PM2.5 Annual 40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$; 24-hr 60 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$**

AQI converts pollutant levels into categories (Good→Severe) for public action

Policy enforcement, cleaner transport, fuel switch, industrial relocation, construction control

Pollution crosses city borders; needs regional coordination

Data interpretation: compare **% change**, identify best/worst performers, infer policy impact

खस्ता लैंग जHindi)

ज़.इ. खस्ता-लैंग गत इ.स. इ.र ; इ.इ. न्हाइ.इ.पण्ड. शाइ.लैंग न्वे द्र.इ. लैंग

अपास शर्द, इ.पास.चर्पन्है.इ.पास, ह.धर्म.चर्पन्है.पास.स्ट, शर्करा. लैंग, इ. द.धर्म.न. चर्पन्है

१ रिक्व, COPD, ज़ग छास, लैंग ; न्हाइ. ब.इ.वर्ट्रव त.ब.लैंग

NAAQS (CPCB): **PM2.5 अक्षर्वाहि. ठ.ज़; इ.ठ- त.ब.लैंग.ठ.ज़ $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$**

AQI इ.लैंग.इ.स.इ.न्वे.गत ग.स.लैंग.द.वर्ल.पा. झ.ग.स.द.र (Good→Severe)

ए.लैंग.गत ग.वौ.ग.र, स.ट. ह.प.प.प.र, ह.र.ए. ह.प.प.ल.र, क.इ.प.प. श.ग.स.र, श.र.क.रा. लैंग श.ग.स.र

ब.लैंग. द.वर्ल.पा.ह.वर्ल.पा. लैंग.ह.वर्ल.पा. लैंग.ह.वर्ल.पा. लैंग.ह.वर्ल.पा. लैंग.ह.वर्ल.पा.

म.लैंग. श.वर्ल.पा. ब.क.प. change ल.म.स.र, best/worst ह.प.द.व.र, ए.लैंग. ब.क.वर्ल.पा. श.वर्ल.पा.

Exam

UPSC CSE Prelims

UPSC CSE Prelims

UPSC CSE Prelims

SSC / Railways (multiple shifts)

Bank / Defence (multiple shifts)

Exam date

04 Oct 2020

05 Jun 2022

28 May 2023

Varies by shift

Varies by shift

Question (Memory-based / PYQ-theme)

AQI / air pollution control measures: identify key pollutants and their health impacts

Air pollution governance: role of CPCB/SPCB; standards & monitoring

Sources of particulate pollution in Indian cities (vehicles, biomass, dust, industry)

PM2.5 stands for what size?

Which is more harmful: PM10 or PM2.5, and why?

Answer

PM2.5 is most harmful due to deep lung penetration

CPCB sets standards/coordinates; SPCBs enforce at state level

Multiple sources; transport + biomass + dust are major contributors

Particles \leq 2.5 microns

PM2.5 (deeper penetration)

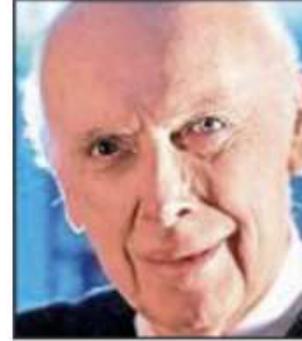
Nobel medal has been sold before

Pranav Baskar

In 2022, Russian journalist Dmitry Muratov auctioned his Nobel Peace Prize for a record-breaking \$103.5 million to raise money for Ukrainian child refugees.

In 2014, James Watson sold his for over \$4 million, having been awarded the medal decades earlier for co-discovering the structure of DNA. It can, however, be sold for millions of dollars.

Since the 1980s, the Nobel medal has been made with 18-karat recycled gold, according



Russian Journalist Dmitry Muratov (L) auctioned his Nobel prize for \$103m to raise money for Ukrainian child refugees; biologist James Watson sold his prize for over \$4m

to the Nobel Committee. And, in a few auctions, it has fetched a wide range of prices. Francis Crick, who was awarded the prize with Watson, received over \$2 million for his medal.

The Nobel Peace Prize awarded in 1936 to Carlos Saavedra Lamas, a former foreign minister of Argentina, sold for \$1.1 million in 2014. But not all attempts to sell the medal have brought staggering returns.

The 1994 medal awarded to John Nash for his work in game theory sold for under \$1 million in 2019. The 1982 prize awarded to physicist Kenneth Wilson failed to reach a minimum bid of \$450,000 in 2016. And William Faulkner's failed to sell in 2013, after bidding stalled at \$425,000, short of the minimum. *NYT*

A photograph of a dense forest. In the foreground, a river flows over a bed of large, mossy rocks. The water is clear and reflects the surrounding greenery. The forest is filled with tall trees, their trunks and branches forming a complex network. Sunlight filters through the leaves, creating bright highlights and deep shadows. The overall atmosphere is serene and natural.

Finke River (World's Oldest Flowing River)

Aspect / अवधारणा

River Name / नाम नदी

Details (English)

Finke River

Recognition / विशेषज्ञान

Recognised as the **world's oldest surviving flowing river system**

Age / वय

~ 300–400 million years old (older than dinosaurs)

Country / देश

Australia

Region / क्षेत्र

Central Australia

Indigenous Name / अंतिम नाम

Larapinta (by Arrernte people)

Length / लंबाई

~ 640 km

States/Territory Covered

Northern Territory & South Australia

Flow Nature / वातावरण

Ephemeral / intermittent (not year-round)

Typical Appearance

Series of **isolated waterholes**

Continuous Flow Occurs When

After heavy rainfall

Geological Significance

Course preserved despite tectonic uplift & erosion

Drainage Type

Desert river system

Scientific Basis

Based on **geomorphology & sediment records**

Why Unique / अनियन्त्रित

Oldest **still-flowing** river (not just ancient bed)

Comparison Point

Older than **Nile, Indus, Ganga** systems

Exam Relevance

Geography, Geomorphology, Environment

शास्त्रधर्म (Hindi)

शास्त्रधर्म नदी

शास्त्रधर्म नदी द्वारा दर्शाया गया है कि नदी वर्षायन नदी है रक्षायनीली

चपकण दर्ज-दर्ज द्वारा दर्शाया गया ज्वरगणना द्वारा नदी है वर्षायनी

चपकण

चपकण

चपकण वर्षायन जै दर्शाया नदी वर्षायनी

चपकण दर्ज नदी

प्राचीन वर्षायन नदी दर्शाया दर्ज किया गया

१ विग्रहरक्षण नदी जै दर्शाया वर्षायनी

१ चपकण चपकण नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी

क्रपान्तर नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी

शास्त्रधर्म दर्शाया वर्षायनी नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी

रम्भिंचिह्न नदी दर्शाया

क्रम नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी

दर्शाया नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी

जहां, श्रद्धालु एवं प्राचीन दर्शाया वर्षायनी

क्रमान्तर, क्रम नदी दर्शाया वर्षायनी, हृग्राम

India Becomes Second-Largest 5G User Base



Aspect / एवं ग्रन्ति

Headline / दृष्टिकोण

Global Rank / ज्ञाता विषय

Country / देश

Users Count / क्षेत्रीय लोकों की संख्या

Announcement By / घोषणा करने वाले

Ministry / संचार मंत्रालय

Commercial Launch / अनुसूचित लैंप हाउस

District Coverage / ज़िले की डिस्ट्रिक्ट

Population Coverage / ज़िले की जनसंख्या

5G BTS Installed / 5G BTS उपलब्ध

Migration to 5G / 5G तक पहुंचने वाले

Deployment Speed / लोकों की वित्तीय वित्तीय

Details (English)

India becomes **2nd largest 5G user base globally**

2nd, after China

India

400+ million (40+ करोड़) 5G users

Jyotiraditya Scindia

Ministry of Communications

2022

99.6% districts

~ 85% population

~ 4.69 lakh Base Transceiver Stations

~ 25 crore users migrated

Among the fastest globally

शब्दावली (Hindi)

क्रमांक स्थान द्वारा दृष्टि निवारण क्षेत्रीय लोकों की संख्या

दृष्टि घोषणा देश

क्रमांक

ठज्जां घोषणा दृष्टि श्रृंखला 5G क्षेत्रीय लोकों की संख्या

दृष्टि घोषणा देश

दृष्टि घोषणा देश

2022

थोड़ा % श्रृंखला

चपकाए तड़ % ज़िले लोकों की संख्या

चपकाए ठोड़ा चपकाए BTS

चपकाए ज़िले द्वारा क्षेत्रीय लोकों की संख्या

स्थान द्वारा दृष्टि निवारण क्षेत्रीय लोकों की संख्या

Topic

Technology Type

NSA vs SA

Economic Impact

Governance

Rural Focus

Spectrum Bands

Employment

Data Economy

Security Angle

UPSC Keyword

Extra Exam Fact (English)

India primarily uses **5G NSA** initially; SA expansion ongoing

NSA uses 4G core; **SA** uses full 5G core (lower latency)

Boosts **Industry 4.0, AI, IoT, smart manufacturing**

Enables **e-governance, tele-medicine, smart cities**

Backbone for **Digital India & rural broadband**

Uses **mid-band (3.5 GHz) & mmWave (26 GHz)**

Creates jobs in **network ops, devices, apps**

Higher speeds → **data consumption surge**

Needs stronger **cyber & data security**

Example of **digital infrastructure leapfrogging**

शिवायग्रह लौह जHindi)

क्रमागत रक्तप्रसार रक्त5G NSA, SA इव्र शायप्र

NSA 4G लौह, SA हृत्कृति 5G लौहप्रज्ञरय चालूकृति

कॉर्पो ठ.ज्ञ AI, IoT, nक्रम रक्तांस्त्रपति लौह प्रत्यक्ष

ह-प्रत्यक्षश्वरु, लौहप्रकृति शुष्टि, nक्रम शुष्टि वह

शुष्टि वह सत्रशुग्रवत्ति लौहप्रकृति मृत्ति लौह घृत्ति

शुष्टि-लौह (ट.इ GHz) त्रि mmWave (26 GHz)

एड्युक्शन, शुष्टिक्रम, चीरकृति प्रवर्ग

लौह प्रत्यक्षहक्कां रक्तां ग्रह

द्रव्यमान लौहप्रदृष्टि लौह और \$ लौह

शुष्टि वह चहू लौह नप्ति लौह क्लिप्पर

Country	Approx. 5G User Rank	Key Point
China	1st	Early & massive SA rollout
India	2nd	Fastest large-scale adoption
USA	Top 3–4	High mmWave in cities
South Korea	Early adopter	Advanced SA use cases



Thank you ☺

